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H. F. BARBOUR, Editor and Proprietor.

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The undersigned has opened in his new building on

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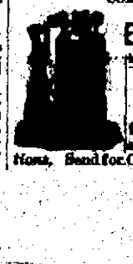

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SELECT POETRY.

Beautiful Things.

BY ELLEN P. ALLERTON.

Beautiful faces are those that wear—
It matters little if light or fair—
Whole-souled honesty printed there.

Beautiful eyes are those that show,
Like crystal panes where hearth-fires glow,
Beautiful thoughts that burn below.

Beautiful lips are those whose words
Leap from the heart like songs of birds,
Yet whose utterance prudence guards.

Beautiful lips are those that do
Work that is earnest and brave and true,
Moment by moment the long day through.

Beautiful feet are those that go
On kindly ministries to and fro—
Down lowliest ways, if God wills it so.

Beautiful shoulders are those that bear
Carelessly burdens of homely care
With patient grace and daily prayer.

Beautiful lives are those that bless—
Silent rivers of happiness,
Whose hidden fountains but few may guess.

Beautiful twilight, at set of sun,
Beautiful goal, with race well won;
Beautiful rest, with work well done.

Beautiful graves, where grasses creep,
Where brown leaves fall, where drifts the deep
Over the worn-out hands—oh, beautiful sleep!

MISCELLANEOUS.

A THRILLING INCIDENT.

In the winter of 1870 I had occasion to go from Green Bay to Chicago, on the Northwestern Railway. At Oshkosh were joined by a delegation of lawyers, on their way to Madison, the capital, to attend the legislature, then in session. They were all men of more than usual intellect, and of unexceptional character. Two were ex-judges of the circuit court, and one I had seen chairman of the Young Men's Christian Association. The party found seats near together, and after the first salutations were over, and the news duly discussed, they began to look about for means to while away their time. After a while some one proposed a game of cards. No sooner said than done. Two seats were turned apart so as to face each other, a cushion improvised for a table, and three of our lawyers, including the chairman of the Young Men's Christian Association, and a Chicago runner on good terms with them, were soon deep in the mysteries of a game of euchre.

I was surprised to see Christian gentlemen, and judges of law equity—leaders of society, makers of public sentiment, law-givers for a great State, directors of public exemplars of all that is good, and guides to the young—thus setting publicly their seal of approval to a most evil and dangerous practice. To be sure, they played for stakes no higher than the cigars for the party. But it seems to me, that in the eyes of all discreet persons this does not change the act or lessen the danger of its example but rather heightens it, as from the less to the greater is the invariable course of crime. But I did not intend to moralize on paper—I was about to say that while I was filled with such thoughts as these, one of the party grew tired of the game, and our remaining judge was invited to take his place. I saw the blood mount in an honest blush of disapproval to his manly face, and he hesitated and drew back. But the game had become interesting, and his excited companions urged him:

"Come, judge, take a hand; we can't go on without you."

The judge rose slowly from his seat, inwardly condemning the act, as I evidently saw, and stepping forward, took a seat among the players, and the game went on.

I had noticed an old lady in a seat to the rear of the players, who had got on board at Menasha, I believe. Gray, and bent with age, she had sat abashed, and with eyes closed, seemed asleep most of the time until the train, stopping at Oshkosh, took on board the company of lawyers. She then underwent a change, and became greatly interested in the company, looking from one to the other, as if she recognised them all, or was trying to recall their faces. When the game of cards was started, she became very restless, would hitch about uneasily in her seat, take up the hem of her faded apron, and nervously bite the threads. Once or twice I thought she wiped her eyes under her "Shaker bonnet," but could not tell. She acted so strangely, I became more interested in her than in the players, and watched her closely. She sat up after a time, and tottered forward holding on to the seats as she passed. She brushed against Judge——, in passing, but he had become interested in the game, and did not notice her. Reaching the water tank at last, she drank a cup of water, and took a seat near the door with her back to the players. But she did not long remain there. Rising again with difficulty, she tottered back toward her former seat, but reaching the players, she paused directly in front of them, and now, greatly excited, threw back her long bonnet from her face, and looked around at the company. Her actions at once arrested their attention, and pausing in their play, they all looked up inquiringly. Gazing directly in the face of Judge——, she said, in a tremulous voice:

"Do you know me, Judge——?"

"No, mother, I don't remember you," said the judge, pleasantly. "Where have we met?"

"My name is Smith," said she. "I was with my poor boy three days, off and on, in the court-room in Oshkosh, when he was tried for—for—for robbing somebody, and you are the same man that sent him to prison for ten years; and he died there last June."

All faces were now sobered, and passengers began to gather around, and stand up all over the car to listen and see what was going on. She did not give the judge time to answer her, but becoming more and more excited, she went on:

"He was a good boy, if you did send him to jail. He helped us clear the farm, and when father was took sick and died, he done all the work, and we was getting along right smart till he took to town, and got to playing keards and drinking; and then somehow he didn't like to work after that but used to stay [illegible] and then he'd sleep so late, and I couldn't wake him when I knowed he'd been out so late the night afore. And then the farm kinder run down, and then we lost the team; one of them got killed when he'd bin to town one awful cold night. He stayed late, and I suppose they got cold standin' out, and got sheered and broke loose and run most home, but run agin the fence and a stake run into one of 'em and when we found it the next morning it was dead and the other was standin' under the shed. And so after awhile he coaxed me to let him sell the farm and buy a house and lot in the village, and he'd work at carpenter work. And so I did, as we couldn't do nothing on the farm. But he grew worse than ever, and after awhile he couldn't get any work, and wouldn't do anything but gamble and drink all the time. I used to do everything I could to get him to quit and be a good, industrious boy again, but he used to get mad and once struck me, and then in the morning I found he had what little money there was left of the farm, and had run off.—After that I got along as well as I could, cleanin' house for folks and washin', but I didn't hear nothing of him for four or five years; but when he got arrested, and was took up to Oshkosh for trial, he writ to me."

By this time there was not a dry eye in the car, and the cards had disappeared. The old lady herself was weeping silently, and speaking in snatches. But recovering herself she went on:

"But what could I do? I sold the house and lot to get money to hire a lawyer; and I believe he is here somewhere [looking around]. Oh yes, there he is, Mr.——, [pointing to Lawyer——, who had not taken part in the play]. And this is the man, I am sure, who argued agin him [pointing to Mr. ——, the district attorney]. And you, Judge——, sent him to prison for the poor boy told me that he really did rob the bank. But he must have been drunk; for they had all been playing keards most all night, and drinking. But oh, dear! It seems to me kinder as though if he hadn't got to playing keards he might have been alive yet. But when I used to tell him it was wrong and bad to play, he used to say: 'Why, mother, everybody plays now. I never bet only for the candy or cigars, or something like that.' And when we heard that the young folks played keards down at Mr. Culver's donation party, and that 'Squire Ring was goin' to get a billiard table for his young folks to play at home, I couldn't do nothing at all with him. We used to think it was awful to do that way when I was young; but it jist seems to me as if everybody nowadays was going wrong into something or other. But may be it isn't right for me to talk to you, judge, in this way; but it jist seemed to me as if the very sight of them keards would kill me, judge. I thought if you only knew how bad I felt, you wouldn't play on so; and then to think, right here before all these young folks. May be, judge, you don't know how younger folks, especially boys, look up to such as you; and then I can't help thinking that may be if them as ought to know better than to do so, and them as are higher larnt, and all that, wouldn't set such examples, my poor Tom would be alive and caring for his poor old mother. But now there ain't any of my family left but me and my poor little gran'child, my dead darter's little girl; and we are going to stop with my brother in Illinoy."

Tongue of man nor angel never preached a more eloquent sermon than that gray, withered old lady, trembling with old age and excitement, and fear that she was doing wrong. I cannot recall half she said, as she, a poor, lone, beggared widow, stood before those noble looking men and pleaded the cause of the rising generation.

The look they bore as she poured forth her sorrowful tale was indescribable. To say they looked like criminals at the bar would be a faint description. I can imagine how they felt. The old lady tottered to her seat, and taking her little grandchild in her lap, hid her face on her neck. The little one stroked her gray hair with one hand, and said:—"Don't cry, gran'ma; don't cry, gran'ma." Eyes unused to weeping were red for many a mile on that journey. And I can hardly believe that one who witnessed that scene ever touched a card again. It is but just to say that when the passengers came to themselves they generously responded to the judge, who, hat in hand, silently passed through her little audience.

A WASHINGTON correspondent says that as a Member was leaving the United States Capitol after the close of the session, a pension agent who hails from his district came up to him and said: "Well, General, you did not get my bill through." "Your bill, sir?" asked the general. "Yes; my bill for granting pensions to the heirs of those who were called out by General Strong." "Oh!" exclaimed the General. "Yes, I remember. Yes; Why I carried that bill throug both houses without any trouble." "You did? I did not see anything of it in the newspapers." "My dear sir," said the General, in his most tragic tones, "I carried your bill through both houses in my pocket."

Two Months in the Air.

A daring aeronautical feat is to be attempted sometimes during the present year. Professor Samuel A. King, the well-known aeronaut, proposes to start from New York on a balloon voyage which shall terminate on some portion of the European continent. Several years ago a proposition was made to Professor King to undertake the task, and the sum of $15,000 was guaranteed by some wealthy New Yorkers to cover the necessary expenses. For prudential reasons the aeronaut decided to decline the offer. Last winter, however, while making some experiments in balloons for the Howgate expedition, he was successful in discovering a substance of such impenetrability that a balloon of 100,000 feet would not lose more than one per cent of gas in twenty-four hours, so that after a journey occupying twenty days 80,000 feet of gas would still remain. The importance of this discovery is recognized when it is stated that an average balloon will lose 20 per cent of gas in twenty-four hours. This new idea was communicated to the New Yorkers, who renewed their previous offer. Professor King at once accepted, and the construction of the balloon, which will occupy the whole of the ensuing winter and spring, will be at once commenced.

The balloon will be the largest in the world. It will average about ninety feet in diameter and 275 feet in circumference, with a capacity for holding between 300,000 and 400,000 feet of gas. The material employed will be Pongee silk of a special manufacture, coated with a substance only known to the Professor. The silk will be doubled throughout. Pure hydrogen gas will be used, and the cost of inflation alone is approximated at $5,000. The car will be a combination of boat and basket; a wicker frame work covered with heavy rubber substance, which can be easily used as a boat in case of emergency.

"I shall positively start early in June," said the Professor recently. "I consider that the month in which thunder storms, which I do not wish to encounter, are the least frequent. The starting point will be either New York or Brooklyn. I propose to keep the lower currents, and to maintain a permanent attitude of 500 feet above the surface of the water. I shall entirely discard the old theory of sailing in currents from west to east at a height of three miles. When you reach that height the gas begins to lose by expansion. Then, when you begin to descend, ballast must be thrown out. You rise again; more gas is lost; another descent; another throwing overboard of ballast, and so on until all your ballast is gone, and then you come down for good. Under my scheme I expect to be able to keep in the air for two months, if necessary, while there has never been a balloon which has kept detached from the earth for a longer period than twenty-four hours."

"What period of time do you anticipate the trans-Atlantic voyage will occupy?"

"That is hard to say, but I expect to make at least twenty miles an hour. In addition to the ballast the balloon will carry a large, heavy rope, which will drag the water. This will have a tendency to keep us in the permanent altitude of which I have spoken."—Phila. *Record*.

A Sharp Trick by two Tramps.

Flood and Bruce are two peripatetic printers widely known. They have a habit of turning up here and elsewhere when least expected, coming without warning and departing even as the wind. By a rare chance they have just been heard of at Danville, Ill., tramping from St. Louis, and headed in this direction.—They came within view of that city last Sunday, weary with travel and sorely hungered. The road they came over was over worked. The ever-while hospitable farmer now sets his dog on the way faring man instead of welcoming him to his family. Through this departure from the customs of the fathers, they walked and are not.

Thoroughly discouraged at their repeated failures to procure food, they yet concluded to make one more trial on this beautiful Sabbath morning, and cautiously entered the yard of a decent farm-house, peering about them to see that Towser did not come suddenly around a corner. They knocked at the front door; no response. At the side door; no answer. They went in; there was not a soul at home. A table spread with a most substantial meal was before them. It was like a dream from the Arabian *Nights*. The dinner was doubtless awaiting the return of the family from church. The pedestrians fell to, and their knives and forks soon smoked with the friction of execution. To say that they fared sumptuously would convey no idea of the amount they ate nor the intense satisfaction with which the viands were received.

Just as they were finishing the feast, a knock was heard. Bruce, with unparalelled cheek, went to the door. There stood two other tramps, who asked for something to eat. Bruce, in a rare spirit of mischief, questioned them closely in regard to their travels and finally asked if they would chop wood for their dinners. They answered yes. He then took them to a wood-pile which he had noticed in the rear of the house, and they went to work. Bruce and Flood, filling their pockets with victuals, stole out the side way from the house, and went to a neighboring hill, where they had a good view of the wood-pile and the toiling tramps. There they gloated over the picture. To make their measure of enjoyment run over, the owner of the farm-house, with several daughters and two stalwart sons, arrived on the scene, the devastation of the dinner was discovered, and the two perspiring tramps at the wood-pile seized as the depredators. All was seen by the two on the hill, from the arrival of the family to the ignominious expulsion of the wood-cutters.—Indianapolis *News*.

Bijah as a Phrenologist.

It was a mother with a two-year-old boy this time. She dragged him into the room in a rickety old cart, bounced him out as if he had been a package of hardware, placed him on the center table with a force of twenty-eight pounds to the square foot, and called out:

"Mr. Joy, we have agreed to leave it to you!"

"Well, madam, it's my opinion that she's a boy, and he's not over four years old."

"Four, sir! why he's only two; and we want you to feel of his bumps and decide if he'll make a smart man. I say he has the head of a preacher, and my husband says he'll make a lawyer, and my sister says he'll invent some great things. Put your hand on his head, Mr. Joy."

Bijah carefully placed his paw on the young chap's head, slid it around for a while, and remarked: "Madam, his bump of anxiety is very great. He will be a great hand to git up and tear things when a street car gits off the track."

"Will he? Oh! I'm so glad, Mr. Joy!"

"His bump of inventive genius is monstrous, Madam—perfectly monstrous. I think he will invent a new sort of hair-brush before he is ten years old—one with a corkscrew in one end and a jack-knife in the other. I speak for the first one turned out, madam."

"And you shall have it."

"Right here, behind the left ear, is the bump of oratory, madam. See how it stands out! Before he is twelve years of age he will be able to deliver as good a speech as you ever heard—and get his pay for it. Here, between the eyes, is what is called humility. Just see how humble he is even now! Why, if he had forty opinions on finance he wouldn't advance a single one of them if it was to disturb anyone's feelings. Here, under his eyes, is what is called cheek. Behold the broad expanse! There isn't a man in Chicago who can hold a candle to him when he's fifteen years old. Take him away. He's built right up from the ground, has a hide stuffed full of bones and muscle, and all you need do is to keep on feeding him milk, giving him plenty of room to roll over in, and don't be too particular about his swallowing a few hairpins, shingle nails and thimbles."

"Mr. Joy, you have made me happy," said the woman, tears coming into her eyes. "The first time we can get some oysters cheap, we will make a supper and invite you over."

When she had bounced the boy into his cart and backed him out, Bijah swept up her tracks and tenderly whispered:

"How easy it is to make people happy! If some one had encouraged me when I was two years old, I might now be president of Mexico, and have feet as big again as these."—Detroit *Free Press*.

Wifely Devotion.

It is the time of trial that sifts the gold from the dross; but in such days and nights of anguish as the plague-stricken cities now endure the gold itself is tried as by fire. Human nature goes to the supremest test, and the qualities that survive are grand and noble indeed. The Memphis *Avalanche*, describing the scenes of misery and trial, says: "Parents have deserted children, and children parents, husbands their wives, *but not one wife a husband*." The italics are ours. There is the answer to many a cruel sneer at woman in that testimony; there is the offset to many a frailty and folly with which woman is justly charged. It renews our faith in humanity to see its nobility once more established, and, enshrined with the highest of its ideals, the wife's devotion, undismayed and unshaken, commands our worshipful applause. —Philadelphia *Times*.

Married at Last.

NEWPORT, Sept. 16.—At 11 o'clock Miss Jeannette Bennett, sister of James Gordon Bennett, was married to Isaac Bell, jr., of the same city, at Fair Lawn, Bennett's summer residence. Rev. Father Grace and his assistant, Rev. Father Clinton, of St. Mary's Roman Catholic church, officiated. It was a private affair, but one of the finest weddings ever celebrated here. There was a large and distinguished attendance, including Mayor Ely, of New York, and all of the principal cottagers, Mr. Cutrey, the French minister, and representatives of the principal foreign legations. All the principal rooms were decorated with flowers and plants, the whole mansion presented an enchanted appearance. The presents were worth $100,000. The honeymoon will be spent in Europe.

THE MORMONS declare that their numbers are steadily increasing, and that reports to the contrary are circulated by their enemies. It is now more than 84 years since their founder, Joseph Smith, was assassinated, with his brother Hyram, while in jail at Carthage, Ill. It was then generally predicted that the sect would go to pieces; but it is twenty times stronger, its adherents say, than it was on the day of "the martyrdom of the Prophet." The Mormons probably number at present some 250,000—they claim about 400,0000—one-half of whom are in Utah and the remainder scattered over Europe. The majority of them come from Great Britain, and many from Sweden, the doctrine of polygamy never having been attractive to the American mind. Joseph Smith himself seems not to have been a polygamist, in the usual sense of the word. His wife Emma always maintained that he never had or wanted to have other wife than herself. She and her four sons after the death of Smith, founded a monogamic Mormon community, and called it the Josephites.

THE good and pure are always ready to aid the unfortunate.

The Elephant's Revenge.

Elephants have so much sympathy with depraved human nature as to think with Byron, "sweet is revenge." An anecdote of an elephant's revenge, translated from the French is as follows:

Upon one of the plantations was an English overseer by the name of Bennett, an exceedingly cross and disagreeable man, who was employed by the master because of his great capability in directing affairs. Upon the plantation was an elephant named Dourga, that Bennett greatly disliked and upon whom he played mean tricks. His employer, after reproving him several times for the unkindness to the animal, warned him that if he carried his tricks too far, Dourga would pay him back with interest.

Finally the time came when Dourga's patience was tried beyond endurance.—He was in the habit of receiving every morning from his driver a huge corn-cake covered with molasses, of which he was very fond. One morning, as the cake was being carried to him on a bamboo hurdle, Bennett, who was passing with a pot full of red pimento, threw it upon the cake, and then stopped to watch and mimic the grimaces made by the elephant when he swallowed it. The result was easy to see. The poor animal, his mouth on fire, passed the day in a marsh trying to calm the thirst that was devouring him, and to appease the inflammation produced by the fiery dose he had swallowed.

When evening came, the hour when Bennett brought the coolies from work, the elephant pounced upon him, picked him up with his trunk and pitched him headlong into a large reservoir or pond of water, which was thirty or forty feet deep. Bennett, who knew how to swim, quickly swam to the edge. Dourga allowed him to climb up the bank, when he picked him up again as if he had been a wisp of straw, and threw him back in the water. This was repeated as many times as Bennett attempted to escape, until he was compelled to remain in the water, keeping his head up as well as he could. The affair would have ended with sure drowning for Bennett if one of the coolies had not come to his rescue and forced Dourga away.

The elephant never forgot the injury done him, and rarely allowed the opportunity to escape to still further revenge himself upon the overseer. Sometimes he would throw a pan full of sand slap into Bennett's face; again it would be a spout of water thrown over him; at another time he would be thrown into a cactus bush, from which he would get out scarcely alive, so horribly scratched would he be. It was impossible to correct Dourga and make him behave. The upshot of the whole affair was that Bennett was obliged to leave the plantation, which was not large enough for him and Dourga together, and his employer valued the elephant more than he did his overseer.

Good Advice for Hard Times.

The road to independence lies, for most people, through the narrow gate of economy. It is not always a pleasant place. It requires sacrifice, but it repays the sacrifice with interest. There are some who do not need to economize—people with ample fortunes, who are able to spend pretty much as they please. The more this class spends the better for society. What would be praiseworthy economy for some would be downright stinginess for them. Nobody is rich enough to be wasteful, but those who are able ought to purchase freely the products of genius and industry, and thus give employment to the workers. The rich err by by hoarding, the poor by spending too freely.

The road to independence lies through saving sometimes of what is made, not always in making much. It is not only when the expenses are too great that the business does not pay. The household is like a business enterprise; it is never financially prosperous unless more come into it than goes out. The art of saving consists in buying well. A person of limited means must resist many temptations to buy things. Too many people make the mistake of buying a cheap article instead of a dear one, and imagine they are economizing. The mistake consists in buying at all. They could not afford it, cheap or dear, and it is a wise rule to buy few things but good ones.

Another essential rule in the art of saving is never to spend money before you get it. Do without the coveted treasure, be it a luxury or necessity, until the money is in your pocket, and then you will know better how it ought to be spent. Buy substantial things. If the amount of money that is worse than thrown away, each year for evanescent trifles and showy gew-gaws by people in embarrassed circumstances could be ascertained and footed up the result would be appalling. The money is simply wasted, and the saving of it would go far toward putting the spenders in a comfortable condition.

The Clearfield Murder Case.

A Clearfield correspondent writes the Altoona *Tribune* as follows:

John Waring, who was arrested at Portland, Oregon, as an accomplice in the murder of Mrs. Wagle, at Wallaceton, in this county, in the fall of 1878, was brought to this place last week. It is asserted by Mr. Waring's friends that an item published in many of the papers in this and adjoining districts does him a great injustice, and events that have transpired since his advent here would tend to confirm their story. Mr. Waring is not under bail or arrest at present, but has been subpœnaed as a witness in the case, and his arrest as a *particeps criminis* is claimed by his friends to have been only a ruse to get him in Pennsylvania so that he could be subpœnaed. Mr. Waring, at the time of the murder, was a resident of Wallaceton, but some three ago sold his farm there and went to Oregon. In the vicinity where he resided he has always been regarded as an honorable, upright man, and what he knows about the affair will probably brought out at the second trial of Mr. Turner.

THE McKEAN MINER.

H. F. Barbour - - - Editor.

Smethport, Pa., Sept. 26, 1878.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,

HON. HENRY M. HOYT,

OF LUZERNE COUNTY.

For Lieutenant Governor,

HON. CHARLES W. STONE,

OF WARREN COUNTY.

For Judge Supreme Court,

HON. JAMES P. STERRETT,

OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

For Secretary of Internal Affairs,

HON. AARON K. DUNKEL,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

COUNTY TICKET.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
L. EMERY, Jr., of Bradford borough.

FOR PROTHONOTARY, &c.,
H. F. BARBOUR, of Smethport boro.

FOR SHERIFF,
P. M. FULLER, of Bradford township.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
S. W. SMITH, of Liberty township.

FOR COMMISSIONERS,
W. J. COLEGROVE, of Norwich twp.
N. W. ABBEY, of Smethport borough.

FOR AUDITORS,
O. D. VOSBURGH, of Liberty township.
J. J. ROBARTS, of Ceres township.

HOYT ON FINANCE.

Professing to be an honest man, the candidate of an honest organization I favor honest money.

The volume of the currency should be regulated by legitimate demand, and not by the requirements of bankrupts and wild speculators.

The currency should be redeemable as early as the exigencies of the Government will permit, in the currency recognized by all civilized nations.

The contract of the Government should be held as sacred as the contracts of individuals, and the bonds, the evidence of its indebtedness, should be paid according to the understanding between the Government and the lender.—Speech at Butler, Sept. 2, 1878.

Having nothing to defend, let us not go upon the defensive. Being right, gentlemen, let us be aggressive.—GEN. H. M. HOYT.

PLATFORM.—Opposition to all paper inflation and consequent depreciation. In favor of a currency of coin and paper of equal value and equal purchasing power—the paper convertible into coin at the will of the holder.

MEETING OF REPUBLICAN COUNTY COMMITTEE.

The members of the Republican County Committee are requested to meet at the office of the chairman, in Bradford, on Wednesday Oct. 2, 1878, at 2 p.m. It is desired that every member of the committee be present if possible.

R. B. STONE,
Chairman.

THE Democracy of McKean county are on the anxious seat. Although their convention put their ticket in the field some weeks ago in regular order, they are yet at a loss to know whom they are to vote for. A. M. Benton had the discretion to leave the condemned vessel before she had fairly started on the voyage. The committee was thus called together to rake up another candidate in his place. The candidates for Benton's shoes we understand to be James Broder, Robt. Gregg, and Peter T. Kennedy. The two former are straight democrats, and Peter is one of the political enigmas evolved from the Liberal element of the Republican party. Peter is generally looked upon as a Republican at heart, but his personal belief and principles are of course a matter of no moment to the Democratic leaders if he will accept a place on their ticket and bring with him a respectable Republican following. The committee could come to no decision as to the relative strength of the three aspirants and adjourned until next Saturday. An industrious effort has been made all the week to induce other candidates to withdraw that their places may be filled by better men. We understand that Collins, the candidate for Prothonotary, has already been persuaded to step off the ticket. A leading democrat remarked to us "We've got to carry Mullin, and one d—d Irishman on the ticket is enough," so Collins had to go, which shows how they stand by their followers of that nationality, without whom the democratic party of McKean could hardly muster a corporal's guard. That Sartwell, the candidate for Sheriff, can be induced to step down to make a place for some one more to the liking of the ring, is not so certain. A lively time is expected at the next meeting of the committee, and if it repairs the "blunders" of the convention, with satisfaction to all, it will work a miracle.

THE attempt to make a fusion of the Democrats and Greenbackers in the Congressional nomination at Williamsport, on Tuesday, was a failure. J. H. Cochran, of Cameron, was the leading candidate in the Democratic convention, receiving six votes on the third ballot, but withdrew his name on account of the failure to fuse with the Greenbackers, having determined in advance not to accept the nomination unless it came from both conferences. Otherwise he would probably have been the nominee.

DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS.

We believe that Gov. Hartranft is perfectly sincere in his intention to do all in his power for the relief of the oil producers. Yet we are aware that a feeling is prevalent that his action was solely for political effect. Producers have been so often decieved by flattering protestations and the crocodile tears of sympathy of anxious politicians, that it is no wonder that they are easily led to suspect the honesty of purpose even of Gov. Hartranft. The fact cannot be too strongly impressed upon him that in the present case delays are dangerous. He has commenced right, and he has only to carry on the war with unflinching purpose to retain the confidence and fast friendship not only of so influential and intelligent a body of citizens as those connected with the oil producing interest but of the large majority of the citizens of the Commonwealth. We understand that prominent parties have already appealed to the Governor personally to convene the Legislature in extra session, to take measures for the protection of the oil interest. It is an appeal that he can hardly refuse without the most satisfactory reasons. Matters have come to such a crisis that it is necessary to resort to the most extreme of lawful measures. The situation is sufficiently critical to warrant and demand the attention of the Legislature. The Governor cannot afford to hesitate or to omit his entire duty in the matter. By convening the Legislature he will relieve himself of so much responsibility and crush the suspicion that his action thus far has been only for political effect.—For his sake as well as for the relief of the suffering producers we hope, and believe he will do his duty in the case without fear or favor.

BY a dispatch from Williamsport we learn that at the Greenback Congressional convention held in that city on Tuesday Prof. J. F. Davis, of Williamsport, received the nomination for Congress; and at the Democratic Congressional Convention, at the same place and date, Dr. R. B. Smith, of Tioga, was given the compliment of a nomination.

THE price of carrying Equitable oil from Larrabee to Buffalo was at first fixed at 16 cents per barrel. It was afterward increased by the B. N. Y. & P. Company to 40 cents per barrel. The query arises, why the increase? A correspondent of the Buffalo *Commercial Advertiser* asks some pointed questions about it, which appear in his communication published elsewhere.

THE democrats are very sympathetic toward some of the defeated candidates in the Republican convention, and try very hard to make them believe they were badly served because they failed to secure the nomination. What noble, large-hearted, sympathetic fellows they are, to be sure.

THE New York Democratic State Convention, which assembled at Syracuse yesterday, was captured by "Boss" Kelly. The Anti-Tammany men were mad, but accepted the inevitable. The Republican convention meets at the same place to-day.

Dill Smoked Out.

The *Press* of Tuesday said: After much consultation, the Democratic leaders, alarmed at the growth of "Greenbackerism" in the Democratic ranks, have advised their candidate for governor to break silence in favor of a redeemable currency, and in opposition to the insanity of the inflationists. This speech is, we hear, to be delivered Tuesday evening at a point in western Pennsylvania.

We consider this result a great triumph for Mr. Speer, who, when in congress, voted, in April, 1874, for a proposition that on and after July 4, 1876, nothing but gold and silver coin of the United States shall be a legal tender for the payment of any debt thereafter contracted; and that on and after July 4, 1876, every holder of United States notes have the right to exchange them at the treasury of the United States for bonds of the United States, coupon or registered, bearing interest at the rate of four and one-half per cent. a year, payable principal and interest in gold; and that the notes so exchanged shall be canceled and destroyed, and not re-issued; and no new notes shall be issued in lieu thereof.

The supporters of that proposition must be held to be the pioneers, not only in resumption, but in the destruction of the greenback, and the substitution thereof of four and one-half per cent. gold-bearing bonds. Out of 241 representatives, but 70 voted for this proposition. But among the 70 are the beaming names of Hiester Clymer, John A. Magee, Samuel J. Randall, and R. Milton Speer.

So, let no man deny that it was ever fashionable or orthodox for a Pennsylvania Democrat to be a resumptionista. So anxious were they to wipe out the odious war-created "greenback," that they clutched the earliest day named, and protested their deep anxiety. We congratulate Mr. Speer on his success in lifting his candidate upon his staunch and sturdy platform. At least, we will do it, after Mr. Dill has actually made the spring and safely landed—erect, smiling, and happy.

QUITE a number of outside newspapers refer to the pending contest in Pennsylvania, for Governor, as if there are only two candidates in the field, Gov. Hoyt and Mr. Mason. We beg to assure such of our cotemporaries not able to distinguish the other candidate, that one Andrew H. Dill is the Democratic candidate, but of course his party have no idea whatever of electing him. It is a way the Democracy have of killing aspiring adherents who are unfortunate and troublesome—namely, to nominate them for office at a time when there is no ghost of a chance to elect them.

THE quarterly interest on the new 4 per cent bonds becomes due the first of next month, and the Treasury officials are preparing checks for the blanted bondholders. A very large number are $5 ct. and $1 checks, that being the quarterly interest on a $50 and $100 bond, respectively. The fact that there are between 15,000 and 17,000 of these checks to be made out shows how large a number of people of moderate means have become interested in the National debt.

Our Finacial Policy and its Results.

The United States owed, Aug. 1, 1865, shortly after the close of the war, nearly eighty dollars for every inhabitant, and it now owes little more than half as much. More precisely, the debt in 1865 was $75 25 per capita, and it was only $41 67 per capita July 1, 1878. Mr. Gladstone was right when he said, in his eloquent tribute to this country, that no other nation had ever dealt so wisely and successfully with such a vast burden.—But the figures already given do not show the full result of wise management and unflinching fidelity to public obligations. In 1865, the yearly interest on the public debt was $4 29 per capita, and it is now only $1 97 per capita. More than one-half of the entire burden of debt, in proportion to population, has thus been removed. In these computations the estimate of population taken is that of Professor E. B. Elliott, the well-known statistician, whose investigation of the law of increase has been most thorough, as the statistics furnished by him for the volumes of the census of 1870 attest. He estimates that the population on the 1st of July, 1878, was about 47,083,000. With a steadily increasing population, decreasing debt, and decreasing rate of interest upon the remaining, this country is in better financial position than almost any other great nation. And yet demagogues of this country are never weary of bemoaning its desperate strait and vilifying those who have secured for the people such a release from burdens.

The Republican party has been in charge of the finances ever since the war. That party is blamed for every evil, every misfortune, every tax and every suffering, although the enormous expenditure during the war, the great debt remaining when the war ended, the heavy taxation thus rendered necessary, and whatever disadvantages have resulted to industry from these burdens, were all caused solely by a Democratic rebellion. But if the Republican party is to be blamed for errors which it really has made, it must in justice have full credit also for whatever it has wisely done. At present, its financial policy is the main point of attack. No fair man will suffer himself to be prejudiced by such assaults as are always made by hungry politicians out of power, until he has ascertained by candid examination what the policy assailed has really been, and what it has accomplished. There can be no dispute as to the figures. At the last session of Congress a committee was raised, upon motion of a Democratic Senator, and headed by him, to investigate the records of the Treasury, and experts chosen by that Democratic Senator have spent months in examining all the books and vouchers of that department since the war. But they find not an error of a single cent in the whole account, and the results, as to the public debt, recently published by the department, must therefore be accepted without dispute by both parties.

Increase of population has done something to lighten the burden of the debt, and that increase, during thirteen years, has been about 12,700,000. The remaining changes have been due, first to payments of debt, and second, to rapid improvement of the public credit, and consequent ability to substitute bonds bearing low interest for bonds bearing high interest. These changes have been effected by wise legislation and administration. It will not do to say that the mere natural resources of the country enable it to borrow at a low rate of interest. The last Democratic Administration, at the close of a long period of unexampled prosperity in the country and when the Nation has no debt, was obliged to borrow money at 13 per cent. The present Republican Administration, notwithstanding an unprecedented depression of industry which has lasted for five years, and notwithstanding the existence of a great National debt caused by Democratic rebellion, can borrow at 4 per cent.—Legislation has secured adequate revenue; it has given confidence to creditors: it has rapidly dimished their claims; and it has sturdily resisted the violent and revolutionary changes by which demagogues have constantly threatened to rob creditors and prostrate all industry.

Since August 31, 1865, when the debt was largest, bonded debt amounting to $386,794,643 has been paid, and interest thereon wholly stopped. The interest thus saved by actual payment of debt originally bearing 7 3-10 per cent has been not far from $131,406,000 already, and the difference in annual interest this year alone, due to this reduction of bonded debt, is $42,826,009—nearly 90 cents for every man, woman and child in the country.

At the same time, by means of other measures which are also savagely assailed by hungry politicians out of office, the public credit has been so advanced and strengthened that, in place of 7 3-10 per cent interest, which the Government was obliged to pay at the close of the war on $830,000,000 of debt, and 6 per cent. which it was obliged to pay on $1,381,786,469 of debt, bonds at 5 per cent., 4½ per cent and 4 per cent. have been issued and sold, and the proceeds applied to the extinguishment of debt bearing higher interest. By this process a saving of $18,437,216 in the yearly interest due has already been effected. Had Democratic demagogues or Greenback repudiators been able to break the credit of the Government, the choice would have been between outright repudiation, which would have been more costly than any rate of interest ever paid, and a continuance of payment at the rate of 7 3-10 per cent, or 6 per cent for an indefinite period upon the whole war debt. Partly by paying debt, and partly by defending and advancing the public credit, the Republican party has cut down the yearly interest charge from $150,977,698 to $84,634,472, thus saving taxpayers $56,838,920 every year. And this improvement is going forward every day, by sales of four per cent bonds with which to pay off six per cent bonds, at the rate of about $1,000,000 daily, so that the interest on the public debt is thus being reduced at the rate of $20,000 every day. Is it not wise to let "well alone?" Would it pay to set repudiators to tinker at the National finances?

"But the currency! this frightful contraction of currency!" The currency supplied by the United States consists wholly of debt bearing no interest, and the amount of such debt, Aug. 1, 1865, was $411,681,312, and it was $445,875,682 on July 1, 1878. Practically, there has been no reduction of any importance in the currency supplied by the Government. We believe the management of the Republican party greatly in error in this respect. Had that party paid off less of the bonded debt, and a larger part of the debt bearing no interest, its conduct would have been still more wise. But the official records prove that the only part of the public debt which the party has thus far left practically untouched is that part which is used as currency. Moreover, the change which is now proposed is not in any sense a contraction of the currency, but a substitution of coin in circulation for such part of the paper in circulation as the people may wish to present for redemption. Thereby, many millions of coin, now locked up by banks and held as merchandise, would be set free for use as currency. The only expansion of circulation that can come without harm and without dishonor is that which the resumption of specie payments will bring.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

WHEN Kearney the agitator and professed champion of labor was in Cincinnati he called upon the venerable Bishop Purcell to complain of some publication in the official Catholic organ of the diocese. In the course of the interview, the details of which were furnished to the press by Kearney himself, and must, therefore, be accepted as correct, the demagogue made one assertion which must startle the people of all denominations. In answer to the Bishop's complaint of his mode of carrying on his crusade, Kearney impudently and irreverently declared that "*Christ was a tramp!*" Since that utterance, James L. Wright, of Philadelphia, the Greenback Candidate for Secretary of the Interior, has publicly declared that Kearney and his method of campaigning fully represents the Greenback-Labor movement. As Kearney has supplemented his Cincinnati blasphemy with an incendiary harangue at Baltimore, in which he declared that anarchy and disorder would be welcomed by his party, the recognition given him by Wright should not be forgotten. Wright is a leader; he is the recognized mouth piece of his party, and when he endorses as proper the blasphemy in the one case, and the incendiarism in the other, it is high time that decent men should everywhere raise their voices in condemnation. And this is the kind of a man the people of Pennsylvania are asked to support for an important office.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

THE Democrats of Centre county recommended Gov. Curtin for Congress by a vote of 88 to 33 over P. Gray Meek.—He is at last safely landed in the Democratic camp.

THE Iowa Democrats and Greenbackers have failed to reach an agreement and combination. The Republican portion of the Greenback party probably refuse to be trapped. Sensible men.

R. B. Brown, of Clarion, won't stay defeated by Mr. Hall, of Ridgway, for State Senator. He is going to run on his hook on the pretense that Hall is not true to the oil interests. The Republicans have nominated E. M. Grant, of Clarion, and ought to elect him.

THE Democratic convention of Allegany county, N. Y., made the following nominations: Member of Assembly, R. A. Scott; County Treasurer, O. J. Higgins; Justice of Sessions, D. P. Lamphere; School Commissioners, G. W. Tibbetts, Freeman H. Persing.

IT is reported that the negroes have actually broken up a Democratic meeting in Louisiana. If this were true it would show that the lesson in disorder the whites have taught by precept and example is being mastered at last. But it probably is not true. Unfortunately there is less doubt about the report that "one negro was killed." There is nothing improbable about that.

HERE is a cheerful opinion from Ohio. Mr. F. V. Smalley writes to the *New-York Tribune* that in its "present aspect, the National movement in Ohio is far more threatening to the Democratic party than to the Republicans. It bids fair to give the Republican State ticket a much larger plurality than could be hoped for without it, and it will end in the election of Republican Congressmen in the Toledo district, the Cleveland district, Foster's district, and in the First Cincinnati district."

The Fat Men's Convention.

We can see some pleasure, if no reason, in the convening of a baby show, but we confess we could never see the slightest cause, reasonable or otherwise, for a fat men's convention, unless it be the fact that misery loves company. For fifty or a hundred men, whose several weights range from two hundred to three hundred pounds, to hold a convention simply because of so much surplus avoirdupois, is absurd to say the least. It becomes doubly so when we reflect that obesity is a disease. What would we think of as many persons emaciated by consumption holding a convention to compare their relative weights. There is but one ground upon which we would advocate another fat men's convention, and that is that they will meet to discuss the merits of Allan's Anti-Fat, the only known remedy for obesity. It is safe and reliable. Sold by druggists.

"CANDEE"
PURE GUM
RUBBER BOOTS

Being free from sulphuretted impurities, will give longer service than common Rubber Boots.

Their great popularity has led to many cheap imitations, having a DULL FINISH, but this season the

"CANDEE" CO.
WITH
VARNISH

Their PURE GUM BOOTS, and to distinguish them from the common kind, will stand a RUBBER LABEL on the front of the leg, bearing the inscription

CUSTOM MADE.
PURE GUM.

These Boots have the Patent Metal Heel Plate, which prevents the heel wearing away so quickly, and they will have also the patent

Outside Stationary Strap

Instead of the very inconvenient web inside strap, used on other makes of Boots.

ASK FOR THE
"CANDEE" BOOT

Upon which money factor at work for us than in anything else. Capital not required; we will start you. $12 per day at home made by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. Costly outfit and terms free. Address TRUE & Co. Augusta, Maine.

MONEY ENOUGH

Can be saved by buying of the manufacturers direct to materially reduce the cost of furnishing your home. Bear in mind that we are manufacturing

FURNITURE

in large lots for our Wholesale Trade.—That we Sell at Retail to the People of Buffalo and Vicinity at our regular Wholesale Prices, at least 25 to 30 per cent. lower than usual Retail Prices, and guarantee every article to be as represented.

Albert Best & Co.

MANUFACTORY & WAREROOMS,
39 & 41 PERRY STREET,
NEAR MAIN STREET.
BUFFALO, N Y

☞ Photographs to select from will be sent to customers unable to visit our Factory.

1514

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY!
GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE
TRADE MARK. Is specially re- TRADE MARK.

commended as an unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, and all diseases that follow as a sequence of Self-Abuse; as Loss

After Taking

of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity, Consumption and a Premature Grave, all of which are a rule are first caused by deviating from the path of nature and over indulgence. The Specific Medicine is the result of a life study and many years of experience in treating these special diseases.

Full particulars in our pamphlets, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.

The Specific Medicine is sold by all Druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent by mail on receipt of the money by addressing THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., No. 10 Mechanics' Block, Detroit, Mich.

Harris & Ewing, wholesale dealers, Pittsburg.

☞ Sold in Smethport by Druggists everywhere. 15 43-1y

A
RELIABLE HOME COMPANY,
THE BRADFORD MUTUAL
FIRE INSURANCE CO.
Is one of our State Institutions.

Organized under our New Constitution; chartered by the State of Pennsylvania to grant Insurance against FIRE and LIGHTNING on the Mutual plan. Let no one form a prejudice against the plans of this Company until they have fully investigated them.

The Company Commences Business with $200,000.

Insurance properly subscribed at the law directs, and prepared to INSURE CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER COMPANY, giving insurance at actual cost, and has no intention of building any brown-stone fronts or paying any fance salaries to officers, but doing its business on the square and paying its losses promptly; and keeping the money at home, where it should be.

Farm Buildings a Specialty.

They are protected against Lightning, whether fire ensues or not. The business of the Company is managed by the following Directors, Officers and Citizens:

DIRECTORS.

Col. A. J. Wilcox, Enos Parsons, Dr. H. S. Baker, C. J. Lane, F. S Johnston, L. G. Peck, A. M. Barnhart, A. K. Walbus, D. R. Easterbrook, Joseph Z. Post, I. H. Hilliard.

OFFICERS.

Enos Parsons, President; Dr. H. S. Baker, Vice President; L. G. Aeck, Treasurer; J. K. Walbus, Legal Solicitor; I. H. Hilliard, Secretary.

NOTICE.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of "The Bradford Mutual Fire Insurance Company," Sept. 23d, at their office in Smethport, Pa., the following resolution was passed:

Resolved, That the Company under no consideration whatever will insure any frame building in any frame or brick in the borough of Bradford or any other town. And that the business of said Company be principally confined to dwellings and dwellings and mercantile property and their contents, and other non-hazardous insurable property.

I. H. HILLIARD, Sec'y.

HARD and SOFT COAL

We are now prepared to furnish first quality

Anthracite and Bituminous Coal,

for CASH, on delivery, at the following prices, which are subject to change of market:

Hard Coal, per ton		Soft Coal, per ton	
Lump	$5 00	Lump	$3 25
Grate	5 25	Run of mine	2 75
Egg	5 25	Nut and Slack	2 00
Stove	5 25	Slack	1 75
Chestnut	5 00		

A reduction made on car load. Fifty cents additional for delivery.

GODDEN & McCLURE.

48

TOTAL ABSTINENCE MADE WINE FOR EUCHARIST.

There is a curious story about some native wines which are extensively advertised nowadays, and have only recently been put upon the market. Dr. Underhill, the well-known grape-grower of Croton Point, died in 1870. Some of his heirs entertained temperance views of such extreme kind, that they were unwilling to allow the stock of wines then on hand to be sold or any more to be made. The grapes have sometimes been sent to market, and sometimes left to decay upon the vines. It is only now that the other heirs have succeeded in arranging for a settlement of the estate and the sale of the wines on hand. Among these is a wine of the vintage of 1864, described as a "Sweet Union Port," but suggesting the Imperial Tokay more than any other European wine, and being wholly unlike any other wine of American growth. Its purity, age and mellowness are remarkable, and both physicians and wine-fanciers have a special interest in it as the oldest native wine now possible in our commercial community. The whole stock is in the hands of the well-known wholesale grocery house of the Thurbers.—*N. Y. Tribune, Nov. 19, 1877.*

The above speaks for itself, but we would add that this is the pure juice of the grape, neither drugged, liquored nor watered; that it has been ripened and mellowed by age, and for medicinal or sacramental purposes it is unsurpassed. It can be obtained from most of the leading Druggists throughout the United States, and at wholesale from the undersigned, who will forward descriptive pamphlet, free of charge, on application.

Respectfully, etc.,

H. K. & F. B. THURBER & CO.

West Broadway, South and Harlem Streets,
NEW YORK.

DIPTHERIA.

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment will positively prevent this terrible disease, and will positively cure nine cases in ten. Information that will save many lives sent free by mail. Don't delay a moment. Prevention is better than cure. S. JOHNSON & CO., BANGOR, MAINE.—15-19 ad.

GET YOUR
PRINTING
AT THE
MINER OFFICE.

Legal.

In Bankruptcy.

District Court of the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

This is to give notice, that on the 31st day of August, A. D. 1878, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of D. Barton, of Bradford, in the county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 23 Diamond street, Pittsburgh, Pa., before Noah W. Shafer, Esq., Register, on the 6th day of November, A. D. 1878, at 12 o'clock m.

JOHN HALL,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 14, 1878.—46-48

In Bankruptcy.

District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

This is to give notice, that on the 14th day of Sept. A. D. 1878, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Josiah Bricker, of [illegible], in the County of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition; that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees, of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 23 Diamond street, Pittsburgh, Penn., before Noah W. Shafer, Esq., Register, on the 6th day of November, A. D. 1878, at 10 o'clock a. m.

JOHN HALL,
U. S. Marshal as Messenger.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 14, 1878.—46-48

In Bankruptcy

District Court of the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

This is to give notice, that on the 20th day of Aug., A. D. 1878, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of W. Scott, of Bradford, in the county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition, that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 23 Diamond street, Pittsburgh, Pa., before Noah W. Shafer, Esq., Register, on the 6th day of November, A. D. 1878, at 12 o'clock m.

JOHN HALL,
U. S. Marshal as Messenger.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 14, 1878.—46-48

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE
OF
Valuable Personal Property.

Notice of Administrator's sale of the personal estate of Serepta Koon, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that S. D. Freeman, administrator upon the estate of the estate of Serepta Koon, deceased, will sell the personal estate of said Decedent, consisting of one cook stove and furniture, a number of chairs, a quantity of lumber, bedding, farming implements, &c., &c., at public vendue, on the house on the farm lately occupied by said decedent on FRIDAY, THE 21st DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1878, sale to commence at 10 o'clock, a. m. of said day.

Terms of sale—cash.

S. D. FREEMAN.
Adm'r, cum testamento annexo.

48 (4)

☞ The above sale is adjourned to take place October 15, 1878, at one o'clock p. m.

S. D. FREEMAN, Adm'r.
Cum Testamento Annexo

Notice in Bankruptcy.

Western District of Pennsylvania, ss:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Wallace Loucks & Frank Loucks as Loucks Brothers, of Bradford Borough, McKean county, Pa., who have been adjudged Bankrupts upon their own petition by the District Court of said District.

44-47 O. A. HOTCHKISS, Assignee.

Western District of Pennsylvania, ss:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Alson H. Stone, of Bradford township, McKean county, Pa., who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.

JOHN E. BEARLEY, Assignee.

44-48

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE
OF
Valuable Real Estate.

S. D. Freeman, Administrator of the estate of Serepta Koon, deceased, late of McKean county, will sell at public vendue the real estate of the said Serepta Koon, deceased, situate, lying and being in Otto township, McKean county and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, described as follows to-wit: Bounded on the north by lot No. 248, contracted to be sold to Henry Morse, and lot No. 265 of the allotment of the lands of the Bingham estate in Otto township, east by lot No. 247, south by lot No. 196, in possession of Mrs. James McLeod, and by lot No. 225 conveyed to J. M. & C. C. Wright, and west by said lot No. 225, containing sixty and two-tenths acres, be the same more or less, being lot No. 265 of the allotment of the Bingham lands in Otto township, and part of warrants 3854 and 3461; having thereon a one story and one-half frame house, a good spring of water and some fruit trees, about two-thirds improved. To be sold subject to a claim of the widow of S. M. Bevier, deceased, for purchase money, said claim being about $600.00 and interest from April, 1876. To be sold on the premises on FRIDAY, THE 21st DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1878. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock p. m. of said day. Terms of sale—cash on confirmation of Administrator's deed.

S. D. FREEMAN.
Adm'r, cum testamento annexo

43

☞ The above sale is adjourned to take place October 8, 1878, at one o'clock p. m.

S. D. FREEMAN, Adm'r.
Cum Testamento Annexo.

Notice.

All persons having unsettled accounts with the late Hon. A. N. Taylor, are hereby notified that said accounts are now in the hands of John C. Backus, who is Attorney for the Executors of the Estate of said Taylor, who will together with one or more of the said Executors make it a point to be at the office of said Backus, in the Borough of Smethport, on Wednesday and Thursday of each week, after next for the purpose of settling said accounts. All persons having unsettled accounts as above stated, will please be prompt in answering the notice, and thereby save themselves costs.

A. E. TAYLOR,
D. C. YOUNG,
F. N. TAYLOR. } Executors.

Smethport, Pa., Nov. 16, 1876.—tf

Auditors' Reports.

D. Curtis and T. J. Glass, Supervisors of Wetmore township, in account with said township:

	DR.
To plank, tools and Blacksmithing	$ 98 84
Paying orders on springs	26 30
paid for work	1502 51
Exonerations	18 55
Unpaid orders	40 79
Returned to Co Commissioners	5 85
per cent on collections	83 31
Counsel, printing and town clerk	48 4
stationery	8 00
paid Bell Bros.	75
" E. Chadwick	17 00
indebtedness to former supervisors	136 72
	$2000 00

	CR.
By rec'd from Co. Commissioners	$1822 95
balance duplicate 1876	154 73
" 1877	2.2 12
Exonerations	$ 3 10
Special tax	26 00
Uncollected	30
Springer on order	4 02
	1949 90
	$2000 00

Due supervisors $50 12

The School Directors of Wetmore township in account with said township DR.

To paid for labor	$ 46 75
do wood	67 00
do furniture	127 10
do stationery	28 50
do express charges	1 20
do teachers	1382 90
Total	1652 25

	CR.
By rec'd from Ed. Brooker, Treasurer, Sept 26, 1877	$ 269 27
State appropriation, Jan. 5, 1878	251 16
Interest from Warren Bank	56 00
do Wm. Blew	17 50
Total	2996 58
	1652 25
Balance on hand	1338 27

Wm. Blew and Joshua Davis, Postmasters, in account with Wetmore township:

	DR.
(Apr 10, 1878) Uncollected duplicate 1878	$28 32
Exonerations	40 35
collectors commission	22 91
Paid on orders	776 80
	868 38

	CR.
By bal on duplicate, May 21, '78	$217 72
Rec'd Co. Treas., Feb. 1, 1878	1200 00
Bal on hand Apr. 10, 1878	441 66
	1868 38

O D COLEMAN,
P W MEESE,
J CAMPBELL,
Auditors.

WM. HUBBARD, Clerk. 45-48

Miscellaneous.

NEW STOCK
AT
NEW PRICES!
for
CASH AND LOW FIGURES.

Having just placed on our counters a full and entirely new stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

at greatly reduced prices we are able to do better by our patrons than ever before. Our stock of

GENTS' AND BOYS' CLOTHING

is superior in quality and make, and we call attention to the following very low prices, as sample figures:

Men's Full Suits	$4 50 to $17 00
Boys' Suits	$3 00 to $8 00
Gents' Boots	$2 00 to $5 00

WE HAVE ALSO A FULL STOCK OF

LADIES' & CHILDRENS' SHOES & GAITERS

WHICH WE OFFER AT PRICES BELOW COMPETITION.

WE ARE OFFERING A FULL LINE OF

HATS AND CAPS

AND

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Our Grocery Department

IS ALWAYS COMPLETE.

SUGARS	9 to 11c	PRUNES	12½c
SYRUPS	70 to 90c	SUGAR-CURED HAMS	13c
TEAS	25 to 90c	SALT PORK	9c
COFFEES	23 to 35c	LARD	11c
DRIED APPLES	7c	OAT MEAL	5c
PEELED PEACHES	15c	CHOICE BUTTER	16c

HASKILL & GIFFORD,
Main Street, SMETHPORT.

CENTRAL CASH STORE.

SPRING STOCK JUST RECEIVED.

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES
and
MILLINERY
LADIES FURNISHING GOODS

Cash and Small Profits.

W. D. GALLUP,
MAIN STREET, SMETHPORT.

THE BEST WAGON ON WHEELS

IS MANUFACTURED BY

FISH BROS. & CO.,

RACINE, WIS.

WE MAKE EVERY VARIETY OF

FARM, FREIGHT AND SPRING WAGONS,

And by confining ourselves strictly to one class of work; by employing none but the

BEST OF WORKMEN.

Using nothing but

First Class Machinery and the very best of Selected Timber,

And by a THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE of the business, we have justly earned the reputation of making

"THE BEST WAGON ON WHEELS"

We give the following warranty with each wagon:

We Hereby Warrant the FISH BROS. WAGON No. ..... to be well made in every particular and of good material, and that the strength of the same is sufficient for all work with fair usage. Should any breakage occur within one year from this date by reason of defective material or workmanship, repairs for the same will be furnished at place of sale, free of charge, or the price of said repairs, as per agent's price list, will be paid in cash by the purchaser producing a sample of the broken or defective parts as evidence.

Racine, Wis., Jan. 1st, 1878. { TITUS G. FISH, KENNEY B. FISH, JAS. C. HUGGINS, } FISH BROS. & CO.

Knowing that we can suit you, we solicit patronage from every section of the United States. Send for Prices and Terms, and for a copy of our AGRICULTURAL PAPER to

FISH BROS. & CO, Racine, Wis.

CLAPP BROS. & CO.,

WHOLESALE JEWELERS,

A FULL LINE OF

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN WATCHES!

LARGEST STOCK! LOWEST PRICES!

DEALERS! SEND FOR CATALOGUE!!!
PLEASE CALL WHEN IN THE CITY!

Orders will Receive Prompt and Careful Attention.

161 State St., CHICAGO.

THE McKEAN MINER.

Smethport, Pa., Sept. 26, 1878.

Lodge Directory.

A. Y. M.

McKEAN LODGE, No. 388, A. Y. M., meets on the fourth Wednesday of each month, at 7½ o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.

W. T. CALLAR, W. M.

G. M. SMITH, Sec'y.

Churches.

METHODIST.—J. C. WHITEHORNE, pastor. Sabbath School every Sabbath at 9 a. m., and Preaching at 10½ a. m., and 7 p. m. Class Meeting at 11½ a. m. Prayer Meetings on Thursday evenings at 7 p. m.

Preaching at Nutrotch and at Cole Creek at 2 p. m. every alternate Sabbath.

BAPTIST.—O. J. ROSE, pastor. Services Sunday at 10½ a. m., and at 7½ p. m. Sunday School immediately after the morning service. Preaching once in two weeks at the Hafner school house.

EPISCOPAL.—H. Q. MILLER, Rector. Services on the 2d and 4th Sunday of each month at 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m. Sabbath School at 9 a. m.

ST. ELIZABETH CATHOLIC CHURCH —Rev. J. F. SMITH, pastor. Mass at 11 a. m. Service at 11.30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

Official Directory.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

President Judge.—H. W. Williams, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.
Additional Judge.—S. F. Wilson, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.
Associate Judges.—W. S. Brownell, Smethport; F. N. Burnham, Eldred.
District Attorney.—P. S. Cotter, Port Allegany.
Sheriff.—C. S. King, Smethport.
Prothonotary.—C. R. Sartwell, Smethport. *Deputy.*—J. R. Chadwick.
County Treasurer.—W. D. Gallup, Smethport.
Commissioners.—Hal. Bunker, Orlando Gallup, Wm. A. Young.
County Clerk.—Jno. R. Chadwick, Smethport.
Auditors.—O. D. Coleman, J. L. Bean, M. W. Fisher.
Regular Terms of Court.—Fourth Monday in February and September, and Third Monday of June and December.

Borough Officers.

Burgess—M L Armstrong
Asst Burgess—H L Mobley
Council—G M Smith B C Corwin Wm Specht S A Rankin N W Abbey J C Hamlin
Constable—H. L. Burlingame.
School Directors—J. Rogers S D Hamlin B L Knapp E G Brown S Sartwell L Burlingame
Overseers of the Poor—E P Wilcox W Gallup
Justices—G M Smith P Ford
Auditors—J C K Sartwell M A Sprague A B Armstrong

HERE AND HEREABOUTS.

—The Ashton Theatre Troupe is making a success of it this week.

—Insure your life with W. H. Mandeville, Olean, N. Y tf

—None but reliable insurance companies represented by W. H. Mandeville. tf.

—The Bradford Mutual is a home institution, and makes a specialty of farm property.

—A home institution deserving of patronage, safe and reliable—the Bradford Mutual Insurance Company.

—Pardee was sent to the penitentiary for three years for black mail. Carey and Ward are allowed to go free.

—Hamilton's German Bitters are the best. Large bottles only 50 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong. Aug. 22-3m.

—The rush of visitors to the jail this week was so great that the Sheriff was compelled to prohibit all comers.

—When making up your insurance remember the Bradford Mutual, and insure at home. It is safe and reliable.

—A. B. Armstrong sells Hamilton's Ginger Tonic for Cholera Morbus, Diarrhea, Sour Stomach, Heart-burn, &c. Aug. 22. m-3

—Every member of the County Committee should be present at the meeting of the committee at Bradford next Wednesday.

—Dr. J. T. Reilly, of New York, is visiting friends in this borough and vicinity. Doctor "Jim" has become a permanent resident of that village, and we are pleased to know is prospering finely.

—The Bradford Mutual has no brown stone palace to pay for or swarm of lazy officers to support with big salaries. It only insures farm buildings and detached property, and is just the company for the farmer and mechanic.

—A drunken tramp went into a house on Main street Monday and gave a beautiful damsel a smart chase around the rooms. Both parties escaped badly frightened. We admire the fellow's taste more than his manners.

—Congressman Mitchell was thrown from his carriage a few days ago, sustaining injuries which have since confined him to his room. He expects to be out in a few days, when we hope to see and hear him in McKean.

—Tim. Mullin, as the representative of many Greenbackers, speaks his mind freely in a card elsewhere in this issue. Tim. is a Greenbacker from principle, and takes no stock in trading and dickering with the enemy for the sake of office.

—It has been reported in some of our exchanges that the fever prevalent in Bradford was the yellow fever, only lessened in malignity by climatic influences. This report is flatly denied by those who ought to know, and it seems too ridiculous for belief, any way.

—C. D. Jennison advertises that he will run a Hack from Lafayette Corners to all trains at Crawford Station. Also to Smethport, Kane, Alton, Marsh's Corners, Kinsua, or any other place, cheaper than you can walk. He has been running a carriage regularly from Alton to Smethport this week, a convenience which is fully appreciated by the public.

—The *Reporter*, in commenting upon the meeting of the Democratic committee at Eldred last Saturday, for the purpose of regarding the ticket, hoped there would be no "blunder this time." Then our neighbor agrees with us that the nomination of A. M. Benton, as well as the rest of the ticket, was a blunder. We supposed that was his honest opinion, but did not think he would admit it publicly.

—Peter Herdic was arrested at Williamsport on Friday by an officer from Lancaster county on charge of having obtained some fifteen thousand dollars from the Columbia National Bank by false pretences. The warrant was sworn out by the officers of the bank and Herdic was bound over in the sum of $3,000 to answer the charge before the Lancaster court at the ensuing term.—*Ex.*

Another Murder.

As we go to press we learn by a dispatch from Bradford, that a man by the name of Harrison Edgar was stabbed this evening by a Chinaman, and probably fatally injured. The dispatch states that Edgar threw an apple into the window of the chinaman's house, whereupon he ran out after the Mallcan took, and an altercation ensued in which Edgar was severely stabbed.

Duke Centre Borough.

The court has granted the charter incorporating Duke Centre as a borough.—It was not many months ago that this town existed more in name than reality, now it is a thriving, busy borough, and we know not how long before it will become a full-fledged "city."

Fresh Oysters.

A full supply of fresh tub oysters is kept constantly on hand at Picard's Bakery and Provision store. He has a neatly arranged eating room connected with his store and will supply them cooked in every style, or will supply families and parties with quantities to suit 47-tf.

Left the Business.

Our old friend Tim. Mullin, Jr., has sold out his wholesale liquor establishment in Bradford and retired from business. He has not yet determined upon his plans for the future, but in whatever he may hereafter engage we wish him abundant success. Tim. has in him the qualities and ability to achieve success in any honorable undertaking.

Fall and Winter Overcoats.

Haskill & Gifford have just received an immense stock of Fall and Winter overcoats, of the latest styles, of every size and quality. Large enough for any man, small enough for any boy, at prices ranging from $4 upwards, according to size and quality. Unusual bargains are offered in these goods, and if you want an overcoat you will do well to examine them before purchasing elsewhere.

Republican Meetings.

On Friday (to-morrow) evening a Republican Ratification Mass Meeting will be held at Eldred. Gen. Jas. A. Beaver will be the principal speaker. On Saturday evening Gen. Beaver will also address the people of Bradford at Wagner's Opera House. He is an eloquent speaker and a gallant soldier, and no one, whatever his politics, should miss the opportunity of hearing him.

A Retired Veteran.

One of the last acts of the preceding court was the appointment of B. L. Knapp as Crier, in the place of H. B. King, who had voluntarily retired. "Uncle" Horace has served in the capacity of court-crier for upwards of 30 years, and during that time was never known to be behind time, or to sleep at his post. He deserves honorable mention surely, and we do not know that it would be out of place to grant him a pension, or a go'd medal.

A Card.

SMETHPORT, Sept. 25, 1878.

To the Editor of the Miner:

I understand from good authority that some of the leaders of the Democratic party want to go in "*cahoots*" with the Greenback party and divide up the ticket. Now I will say, for the benefit of the Greenback candidates, that as soon as they go in with the Democrats we will call a convention at Smethport and put in nomination a straight Greenback ticket.

T. MULLIN, Jr.
For many Greenbackers.

The Ashton Comedy Company.

The above company have been playing to crowded houses at Beckwith's Hall, every evening this week. "Rip Van Winkle," "Fanchon, the Cricket," and "Ten Nights in a Bar-room" have been rendered in a manner unequalled by any travelling troupe that has visited this place in a long time. Mr. Ashton and his little daughter "Dorrit" are evidently the stars of the company, and they are ably supported by the other members. This evening (Thursday) they will play "The Ticket-of-leave Man," to-morrow evening repeat "Rip Van Winkle," and on Saturday evening will play "Uncle Tom's Cabin."

An Endangered Oyster.

The sheriff of Elk county had considerable difficulty taking a pair of prisoners to the western penitentiary, the particulars of which are given in the Pittsburg *Telegraph* of Saturday as follows:—

Sheriff Oyster and his Deputy Wensel, this morning lodged in the penitentiary two prisoners convicted in Elk county of burglary, and sentenced respectively to two years and two years and a half. The sheriff is at the St. Clair hotel, resting after the dangerous job he had in getting them here. The men are Patrick Goodman, twenty-eight years of age, and Jas. Dailey, twenty-nine. Both appear to be hardened ruffians, and perilous fellows to deal with. Goodman was arrested some time ago and sent to the county jail for stabbing a man. He broke out, and three months after was arrested and convicted of burglary. The two were kept in chains until yesterday, when they taken out, handcuffed, to be brought down here.—Reaching Warren, Pa., the men were put in jail for safe keeping until the train started, between eight and nine last night. While taking them to the train, Dailey slipped his handcuffs and darted off. The sheriff clung to Goodman and sent a bullet after Dailey. Hearing the shot, Dailey looked around and while doing so went bump against a tree, which checked him until Deputy Wensel caught up.—When Wensel seized him he grabbed Wensel by the throat, and with the fury of a mad dog tried to bite him. Wensel being a powerful man, hurled Dailey to the ground, and in the struggle caught Dailey's hand in his mouth and held him till some men came to help secure him. The train, which was starting out by that time, was flagged, and the prisoners put on board. The cuffs were replaced on Dailey, and then, meditating further devilitry, as Irvineston he asked for a drink. The sheriff got it for him, and when offering it, Dailey kicked the cup out of his hand with an oath, said he wanted beer, shouted to Goodman to go with him and get it, and made a plunge for the car-door. The sheriff was quick as he, and pushed the door to as Dailey tried to open it.—Just at the door was a stone-mason, who stepped in. The sheriff knew he could not use his pistol without danger to the lives of passengers, and jerking the mason's hammer from under his seat, began to beat Dailey's head with the helve of it. He must have struck the fellow a dozen blows before he overpowered him, for the hammer handle, which is now at the penitentiary, is shivered as if beaten on stone. Dailey is now in the prison hospital, though not dangerously hurt, his wounds having been dressed immediately after his arrival.

THE MURDER.

Further Particulars—Evidence before the Inquest; &c.

As we went to press last week a dispatch had just been received by Sheriff King that Tracy, the suspected murderer of Miss Reilly, had been captured at Portville. The sheriff started for that place with a deputy on the 2 p.m. train, and returned with the prisoner on the 9 o'clock train, having persuaded him to come over the State line without a requisition. An angry and threatening crowd was at the depot on the arrival of the train, but by skillful management, for which the sheriff deserves great credit, the prisoner was smuggled from the train, into a waiting carriage, and was nearly to the jail before the infuriated crowd was aware that their prey had escaped. The party most anxious to get within the secure enclosure of the jail was Tracy.

The manner of his capture was purely accidental. He was seen and recognized at Portville by an agent of Barnes, Bancroft & Co., of Buffalo who had made his acquaintance in this place. Securing the aid of a constable, he had him arrested and telegraphed to the Sheriff. Had not this agent fortunately been in Portville at that time it is probable that Tracy would have yet been at large.

Below we give the evidence before the coroner's jury, from which a verdict was rendered that Mary Reilly came to her death at the hands of Andrew Tracy:

S. D. FREEMAN, M. D., testified: I am a practising physician. Reside in Smethport, have known deceased, Mary Reilly, all her life. I was present at her decease. I was called from the Court House to see her. I found her lying on the sidewalk in front of house of John Mullin, breathing slowly and heavily. Both increased until she ceased to breathe. It was about 9 o'clock in the evening of Sept. 18, 1878. I could do nothing but ascertain the character of her wound. She was totally unconscious when I found her and continued so until she ceased to breathe. The wound was in the left temple; the ball passed backward and slightly upwards, breaking up the substance of the base of the brain. I introduced a probe into the track of the ball very readily. I found no other cause for death. She lived about 40 minutes from the time the shot was fired. I remained with her.—Her death was caused by a gunshot wound, the ball passing into the base of the brain.

J. T. REILLEY, M. D., testified: I reside in New York city. I came to Smethport on Monday, the 16th inst. I am a practising physician. I was stopping at the residence of P. Ford yesterday evening. I saw the deceased yesterday evening. I was informed that Mary Reilley had been shot, and came to the place. I found her in the house of John Mullin lying on the bed in an unconscious condition, breathing slowly and rapidly approaching dissolution. Dr. Freeman had made an examination, I have examined the wound. I concur in Dr. Freeman's statement.—The wound was sufficient to cause death. She died in the house in presence of John Mullin, Isabel Mullin, Secella Reilley, Dr. S. D. Freeman, Mary Tracy, Gen. Kane, and some others. She died about 9.30 in the evening of Sept. 18, 1878.

BELLE MULLIN testified: I was at the residence of Mary Tracy in this place yesterday. I went there about 7 p. m. and left about half past eight. We were in the store or sitting room all the time we were there. Mary Reilley (the deceased) Secella Tracy and Mary Tracy were there all the time. Frank McCabe and Andy Tracy came into the room several times. Mary Reilley was playing the piano and singing nearly all the evening. Her sister accompanied her. Andy Tracy appeared very reticent and moody. When I left there about half past eight Mary Reilley came with me. Mary Tracy's store is on Main street about four squares from John Mullin's. We came along the south-side of the street until we came to the store of Haskill & Gifford, where we crossed the street to the north side. When we came to the blacksmith shop we heard some one walking after us very fast. He kept walking close behind us until we came in front of our house. I was walking next the street. Mary Reilly on my right side. I had her arm. My arm was in her arm. I heard a pistol shot. I was stunned slightly at the shot. It was close to my head. I think the pistol was at the side of my head. I felt down with the shock. As I was getting up I saw a man of medium size running across the street toward Mr. B. D. Hamlin's house. I noticed nothing peculiar except that he was running. I thought it was an accident until I saw him run, and then I knew it was not. He crossed Main street in front of Mr. Hamlin's house, and then passed down Washington street toward Water street. I saw Mary Reilly lying on the walk unconscious. I thought she had fainted and stooped down and tried to raise her up, got my hand on some blood. She did not speak and was perfectly unconscious. I called for help. My father came first; Mrs. Forrest was soon there. I think Dr. Freeman came in from 3 to 5 minutes. I saw the flash of a pistol at the same time I heard the report.

J. K. GRAHAM testified: My name is J. K. Graham, age 35, residence Bradford. I came to Smethport yesterday evening. Was present at the house of John Mullin yesterday evening when Mary Reilly died. About two o'clock this morning I and several others went to the residence of Mrs. Tracy, the mother of Andrew Tracy, as I was informed. When we reached the house some of the party entered and soon came with John Tracy. John Tracy was talked with in regard to the matter.

JOHN TRACY, brother of Andrew Tracy, testified: "I live in Keating township in this county, at the Tracy farm, about three miles from town. I will tell just as I remember. I suppose it doubtful if I can remember it all. I woke up during the night but cannot say the hour. Heard some noise. Heard mother and Andrew talking. Heard Andrew saying I am going away and will never return. I went down; I enquired; he spoke lightly of the matter; he afterward told me he wanted to talk to me. When I was up stairs I heard him say that his affections had been trifled with; afterwards he gave me to understand that he had done something terrible; he did not say who but I thought he had taken life or had attempted to; he asked me to get him something to eat. I gave him a loaf of bread; he went away in a southward direction; I did not know but he was fooling us and was only drunk; he told me "if anybody comes here tell them that I was not here to-night." He held his pistol and made no promise; I assented; when Chadwick and others came I was terrified for I then supposed he had committed some atrocity; he has a retrievert has had for three or four months; the one he had last night I thought was the same he has had; I am his brother; he was surely under the influence of liquor. He raved terribly; he has been addicted to liquor. When he was talking to me first I thought he had a difficulty with my brother or after. Afterwards when he was talking about his affections being trifled with I thought of Mary Reilley. He has been accustomed to come home about three times a week. He had a room in my sister's building. I could not say how long he was at our house last night after I awoke. I would bet not less than ten or more than fifteen minutes. I was excited and could not tell how quickly time passed. The moon was shining brightly. I was a short time [illegible] committed the crime. I saw him at home yesterday morning. He left there about seven o'clock, intending to go to Port Allegany. His demeanor then was same as usual.

S. D. FREEMAN was recalled and testified: When I saw Mary Reilly there was powder in close proximity to the wound. It showed that the pistol had been quite close to her head at the time of the discharge. I saw Andrew Tracy yesterday evening about dusk. He came into my office and said he wanted to see me. I went out into the store room. He handed me a half pint bottle. He had some money in his hand. I don't know what the money was. He wanted me to fill his bottle with whisky. I told him I could not do it. He said there was whisky in the bottle on the shelf. To get rid of him, —I was in a hurry—I told him he would have to wait until Mr. Callar came. He laid his bottle down by the show case and went out hurriedly, and seemed to be excited. I saw no more of him. He did not seem to be intoxicated. It was about dusk. It was a little dark in the store. I had no lights in my office yet.

JAMES MAGUIRE testified: Aged 24. I reside in Smethport. I was at Mr. Rogers' mill yesterday evening about half past 8 or 9 o'clock yesterday evening. The mill is situated at east end of town near the bridge. I was standing on the barn bridge with a lantern in front of me. I heard some person coming from the direction of where McCarty lives. Heard the footsteps. The footsteps indicated that he was running. After he passed I went to the road. When I got to the road he came in behind the store. I stayed there till he went into the bridge. I did not see him well enough to say anything about his form or size. I had not heard of the affair in front of John Mullin's at the time.

JOHN WENDT testified; I saw Andrew Tracy yesterday evening about my store. He came in two or three times. The last time he came in he went into the back part of the store alone. I thought he was going there to drink whisky. I followed him. When I saw him there I was behind the counter and he had a bottle in his right hand. He tried to put it in his hip pocket of his pants. It seemed that he could not get it in there and he put it in his pants pocket—front pocket. There appeared to be something in his hip pocket. He then took the tumbler and took a glass of water out of the pail and drank it. He then started and walked out of the store, mumbling something. I could hear him say "I'll fix that son of a b— to-night." There were some ladies in Mary Tracy's store when I looked up. I thought the bottle he had was a pint bottle: did not notice what, if anything, was in it. Simon Glenn was with him at my store. I saw him and Frank McCabe together.

SIMON GLENN testified: I live in Keating township, near the Smethport Depot. I was around town last evening. Was in company with Andrew Tracy. The first time I saw him was at Wendel's store.—Andrew Tracy had some liquor in a pint bottle. He went to the water pail and got some water and took some whisky. He offered me some. I took some. He took some also. There was only a little in the bottle. It was a half pint bottle. The next time I saw him was in his sister's store. The girls were there, Mary Reilly, Secilia Reilly and Belle Mullin. I stayed there when they went out. I might have been there ten minutes after they left. I think the girls went out first. Andy seemed natural. I don't think he was drunk.—Don't know of his having a revolver.—Don't know what pocket he had his bottle in.

WALLACE OSTRANDER testified: I saw Andrew Tracy yesterday evening—met him at his office door about ten minutes after the bell rung for the convention. We came up town together; went in to Mr. Haskill's. He took a cigar I took a drink of whisky and we started to go to the convention; went about half way and he said he would not go and turned around and went back. I did not see him after that. I went on to the convention. Did not see him after that. He acted as though he had been drinking; he seemed to be mad about something. When we went into the Bennett House he acted strangely.—He took out an envelope with two one dollar bills in and wanted me to take it and do the treating. I told him to treat himself. He would not. I took one bill and treated and gave him the change.

FRANK MCCABE testified: I met Andrew Tracy opposite Mary Tracy's store on Wednesday evening about half past six. He was coming from Port Allegany in a buggy. I got in with him and rode to the livery stable. We came from there to the hotel. He asked me to go and take a drink with him. I declined. He took a drink. I did not see him for about an hour after that. Wallace Ostrander and he came in to the Bennett House together. I was sitting in the window at the time. They stepped up to the bar and Wallace Ostrander asked me to take a drink and I think Andy asked me also, but I didn't take it. I came outside of the hotel then and a man who was drunk, sitting on a chair, fell off; when he fell off I, knowing that he was stopping down at Wright's, took him down there, and started to come up town. When I got past Mary Tracy's store and almost half way from that to the druggists (Callar's) I saw Andrew Tracy standing on edge of sidewalk with his back toward me. I said Hallo, Andy, are you going up town? He said "No he wasn't. Mary Reilly is in the store and she is playing some pieces and singing. You had better go in." We both went in together and I took a chair and sat down. He stood up at right hand side of counter. We stayed there whilst she sang two or three different pieces. I got up and went out doors. Andy followed me out on the porch. I asked him if he was going up town. I stepped and leaned against a strip at the side of the door. Whilst we stood there Mary Reilly and Bell Mullin came out, and Mary Reilly said "Good night, gents," and they both walked on. Andy passed by me and followed—went right after them. I stood there perhaps half a minute—not longer—then started after. Overtook Andy and we walked together until we came just to the west corner of D. R. Hamlin's square, and I had occasion to stop a minute; he went on. I stayed perhaps a minute and came on after him. He was ahead of me about four rods. I could also see that the girls were ahead of him. Bell Mullin had a linen suit on which showed pretty plain by the lights along the street. When he parted with me he asked me if I wasn't coming up to the hotel. I told him yes. That was all that had been said since we had left Mary Tracy's store. When I got to Mr. Haskill's hay scales I saw him cross to the north side of Main street on the crossing in front of the Bennett House.—About the same time I saw the girls on the side walk in front of the store of J. C. Hamlin. When he came to the sidewalk on north side of Main street I saw him make the turn westward in the same direction the girls were going. That was the last I saw of him. I went into the Bennett House. I met Charley Hindbery I stood talking to him. A short time, perhaps two minutes, I heard Frank Richtsing say one of Andy Reilly's daughters is hurt. Bleadbery said "come on, Frank, let us go up," and we ran up, he a little ahead. When we arrived in front of Jno. Mullin's house we found her lying on the side walk, in a dying condition. I saw that she had a gun shot wound on her temple. I saw Nothing of Andy Tracy afterwards. I have made efforts to find Andrew Tracy since. Within about half an hour afterwards I got the impression that Andy Tracy had committed the act of killing, and I told Mary Tracy and Dr. J. T. Reilly. I asked Dr. Reilly if he had any idea who did it. He said no, and I told him I had, I do not remember who I told first, but after I thought it over I felt I thought it was Andrew Tracy. Then I heard he was in love with Mary Reilly and had noticed him acting strangely in her company. Never heard him make any threats. I saw that night with some other parties to the Tracy place, about three miles from town, where his mother lives. Was informed that he had been there and had left. I learned yesterday that he was seen yesterday morning about half past five at Prospect Hill about five miles from Smethport. I think Andy Tracy has no property in his own right.

Bradford's Business Enterprises.

From the Breeze.

Bradford is rapidly becoming conspicuous, not only from the prestige of its superior position in the oil trade but it's various business enterprises. Men and machinery are constantly coming from the lower country for permanent location here. Clear-headed and far-seeing business men recognizing the great future that is before us are investing their capital to start other enterprises. Bradford is not of the mushroom growth which springs up suddenly in a night and disappears with equal rapidity. Like the solid substantial oak it sprung from a small beginning and grew up slowly to its present dimensions.

Among the enterprises which originated here is a new fire insurance company, endowed with a perpetual charter, and has it's headquarters in the town. It is known as the Bradford Mutual Fire Insurance Company. It is already doing a thriving business at the rate of twenty policies a day. Mr. I. H. Hilliard, it's secretary and principal manager, has had over twenty years' experience in the business, and thoroughly understands all its departments. The gentlemen whose names appear in the charter reside among us. Their property and interests are here, and not in the distant cities of New York, Philadelphia or Boston. They are men of ability, wealth, and undoubted business talents. We should support home industry and enterprise. It is business to keep all the money we possibly can among ourselves instead of sending it abroad, when equal advantages are obtained at home. Why should not Bradford be the headquarters of a great fire insurance company as well as New York or Philadelphia? Instead of sending the money of Western Pennsylvania and New-York to the Atlantic coast for insurance, let it pour into Bradford, where it can circulate back again among those from whom it came. Insurance is a business enterprise which adds to the wealth and prosperity of the locality where its principal office is located. With its business chiefly in the West it has helped to build up the great cities of the East. It is time for a change. The same skill and experience which have built up companies in the East can be equally successful in the West. Now when the days of inflation have passed away, our new insurance companies will be safer than the old. The old companies invested their funds in property which declined fifty per cent. The new companies have the advantage of starting on hard pan basis, with the best securities, which can suffer no further decline. At no distant day Bradford will be a greater oil and business centre than has yet honored any single oil town in Pennsylvania.

The Bradford Mutual Fire Insurance Company is another evidence of our growing greatness, and deserves a liberal patronage.

Our railway enterprises show the expectation of capitalists. Mr. Allen, the chief promoter and manager of the elevated railway, has pursued his enterprise with skill and courage. He is rapidly solving the problem of running trains on a single rail, and lessening the cost of transportation. These elevated railways will make excellent feeders for the trunk lines and be a godsend to places which cannot afford to build the more expensive class of roads. Mr. Marcus Hulings has been equally indefatigable in making a success of the Olean, Bradford and Warren railroad. He can furnish the traveller or tourist with a ride through the most attractive scenery in Western Pennsylvania. Then we have that father of railways—the Erie, with its broad sweep of track and obliging management, capable of doing an almost unlimited business. Railroads are to a town what the arteries are to the human body; they are respectively the channels through which commercial and physical life flow. Fred by such potent agent, our town, or rather our city to be should be a healthy subject. With the glowing smiles of a water-nymph and looking up from her reclined position in the Tuna Valley, at the capitalists who caress her, she can bid them a hearty welcome to her prosperous domains.

Some Pointed Questions.

To the Editor of the Buffalo Commercial Advertiser:

I notice in your paper a call for a meeting of Stockholders to elect a Board of Directors for the Buffalo and Philadelphia Railroad.

Permit me the use of space in your valuable paper for a communication setting forth the thoughts that arise in my mind upon reading this notice.

This city was offered not long since par value for its $750,000 of stock in this road. Our leading capitalists advised that this offer be rejected and the city hold the stock and operate the road in the interest of our manufacturers and laborers. This stock is held by the city, and at the present time it would not sell for 25 cents on a dollar. Query: Is the road now in its present management operated in the interest of the manufacturers and laborers of Buffalo, or in the interest of a ring?

The price for carrying crude oil from Larrabee's to Buffalo, has been advanced since the arrangement with the Equitable Pipe Line from 16 to 40 cents per barrel. This advance is in the interest of the Standard Oil Company. What consideration does the road receive from the Standard Oil Company for such valuable service in upholding and sustaining their monopoly? Has the Standard Oil Company of late secretly purchased large blocks of this stock at par, and is its present management a part of the consideration for such purchase?

Does this 40 cents per barrel freight go into the treasury of the railroad and remain there? Or is it very largely paid out as rebates on oil? Into whose pockets do these rebates go?—those of shippers of oil, the Equitable Pipe Line, the Standard Oil Company, or of private individuals? Does not the system of charging excessive freight and allowing large rebates foster and uphold irregularities? and is it not detrimental to the best interests of the stockholders, of the oil producers, the oil refiners, the canal-carrying trade, the taxpayers and the laborer of this city? Are not these all questions that rightfully belong to the supervision of our Common Council? And, as it is currently talked and very generally believed that the oil business of the road is operated entirely in the interest of the Standard oil monopoly, and that irregularities do exist, would it not be advisable for the Council to make an examination of the management of its oil-carrying business to the intent that the interest of our citizens may be protected at the coming election of directors.

OIL PRODUCER AND TAXPAYER.

LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE

UP KNAPP'S CREEK.

Eldred Items and Knapp's Creek Oil and Local Notes.

From our Regular Correspondent.

ELDRED, Pa., Sept. 23, 1878.

It appears now from the indications on the Welch farm at the Erie well, that the oil territory is being defined in its eastern boundary as the prospect is not so encouraging as was anticipated. They are down some 1300 feet and are in slate, having passed through a light streak of third sand, and according to the latest reports from the Hoschtetter well on Wolcott farm, that is no better....There was another well struck on Meek's creek recently by McKinney Bros., on their own land, in fee, which is good enough for anybody in the present condition of the market.....Wm. Duke, Jr., owns 25 acres of land on Meek's Creek and has a well going down and some 900 feet in depth.....There was a 25 bbl. well struck on the Drake farm recently....There are several other wells in progress in this region and great excitement prevails, especially up Meek's Creek....A new city is being built and lots are being located, for building and business purposes..... The jewelry store at Eldred is now occupied and the Hamlin building is nearly finished. Several other new buildings are under way.....The old house which was built for a chapel some forty years ago, has been moved by B. G. Spiller who has been using it some three years as a store and now fronts on R. R. Avenue just in the rear of the water tank..... The new dwelling house of Mr. Spiller, is finished in good shape from cellar to garret. It is situated three doors south of the Union Church, and is now occupied by Mr. S.... Mr. Hatch, of Olean, has moved the old Eldred Hotel and barn back so as to give place for new buildings, that are to be built immediately by Ed. Dolan who has purchased the property of Mr. Marsh. The new hotel is to be 60x62 feet and three stories high..... The United Brethren Church which has been recently erected by Rev. T. S. Bennett of this place is a neat, commodious house, and will be a very pleasant, convenient place in which the citizens of Eldred may assemble to worship if they will. The machine shop is about ready for active operations, and the Oil Well Supply store is also doing a large trade. .....I have nothing of importance from Duke Center more than to say that the health of the people is greatly improved. .....Operations are quite brisk up the Kansas Branch, around the G. V. Forman wells, and some half dozen wells are going down.....There is also considerable activity up the R. R. Branch as was stated in my last letter, but as I have not been able to reach that point this week I cannot give details..... The United Pipe Line Co. are starting their 4-inch line from that point to Olean....Owing to the great amount of freight delivered on the platform at the Duke depot, it is very difficult for passengers to get off and on the cars.

ELDRED.

The Knapp's Creek Oil Company No. 9 on McCullough farm, is in the sand and a good show.....O. Days well No. 3, is down 500 feet. Cooper Bros No. 3, are drilling and down about 600 feet.....Tom Mills is nearly ready on the hill to commence drilling.....The Davis & Denman well have 560 feet of casing in and are down about 1100 feet.....John Sullivan & Co., No. 2, on the Failing tract, commenced drilling.....G. A. Tupper well is down about 1100 feet, on the Dolley & Arnold purchase.....The Bremham well on the same, is down about 400 feet..... Sumner & Pratt are starting another on the hill south of the town on the southeast corner of the Vaughn farm.....Bailey is putting down a well on the top of the hill at head of Bunger hollow.....Fogle & Cornelius have a well located on the E. Cumming's lot. The boiler and engine are now being hauled and the rig is up.....Foster & Ward have just started the drill in well near the railroad.....The Beech Grove well, No 2, has been completed and is a good well.....D. Clark, No. 3, also has been completed—No. 4 on the hill is down 400 feet.....Brookin's well has commenced drilling.....H. Dean & Co., No. 2, commenced drilling..... The Knapp's Creek Oil Co. are building a house for an office and for storage 20x30 feet.....The Bartlett well, now owned by Mr. Johnson, is being fixed up a little and making a good show. He intends to put down three wells on the hill back of town on the south part of the Vaughn farm, on the Bartlett purchase. .....The Cook building has been fitted up for the Excelsior debating club, with seats to accommodate 300 people.....The boiler at the Doe well, No. 3, came near blowing up on Monday, evening in consequence of the water getting out..... A man was put off the train going east today because he refused to pay his fare, on the plea that his goods had been carried to Eldred and he was going through to get them.

Sept. 24, 1878.

The Littlefield well made a nice flow through the casing yesterday while parties were in the act of drawing the tubing ...The plank road is completed up to the G. T. Dennis farm, or two miles from the mouth of the creek. A party have commenced grading and laying plank at Prentiss Vale.....There was a small fire last Saturday evening about one-half mile below Prentiss Vale which resulted in burning T. M. Bunker's blacksmith shop. Damage about $60, besides the building.....A. J. Wright, of Portville, has rented a house of Mr. Cotton and will fill a position behind the counter for Bardan & Roberts.....Dan. M. Wright has contracted to furnish forty thousand feet of lumber and forty-two thousand shingles for the Eldred Hotel. .....Mr. Hoffman of Rixford has bought the barber shop building of Keana Dennis, for $500, and will put in a stock of drugs, stationery, etc.....The man who was engaged in the stabbing affray a short time since was arrested yesterday, tried and sent up. DEMAS.

Orders for Beehives.

As I only intend to manufacture beehives to order the coming winter, it will be necessary for all those wishing any manufactured to have their orders in by the 1st of October. My orders for stock will be sent in at that time, and I cannot promise to fill orders after that date. Thankful for past favors, received at the Farmers' Valley, Sept. 12, 1878.

DIED.

EMERSON.—At the residence of her father on Cole Creek, Wednesday morning, Sept. 18, 1878, Miss Charity Juliette Emerson, aged 18 years, 1 month and 6 days.

BUSINESS LOCAL.

Hemlock Bark Wanted.

I will pay three dollars and fifty cents ($3.50) per cord, *cash*, for hemlock bark delivered at the Smethport depot. Those proposing to deliver will please notify the subscriber how much they have to sell and when they will commence delivering it. I want all I can handle for the next month. S. M. LYMAN.

Smethport, Sept. 10, 1878.

—When you go to Olean stop at the Brunswick House, opposite the Union Depot, the most popular house in Olean. 31 tf

Shakespeare's Last.

If you're a pilgrim and a stranger
And many miles from the farm,
Be you a producer or a granger
If you're at Olean stop with F. M. Arne.
Brunswick House Olean, N. Y.
31 tf

—Brunswick House, the only popular hotel in Olean. Opposite the Union Depot. 31 tf

"KNOWS HOW IT IS HIMSELF."

Any man who has struck his finger-nail with a hammer knows "how it is himself," and if he tries it he will know that the best thing for it is Dr. Fenner's Golden Relief—it is also the best thing for diarrhœa, pain in stomach and lame back. Price 25c, 50c, and $1.

TIMELY INFORMATION.

The word "bloody flux" carry a terrible meaning with them this year, though this disease is rendered harmless by using by Dr. Fenner's Golden Relief. It also quickly cures diarrhœa, kidney disease, &c. Price 25c, 50c and $1.

Sold Under a Positive Guarantee.

That scrofula, erysipelas, salt rheum, boils, pimples, ulcers and all humors of the skin can be *permanently* cured by the use of PARMELEE'S GREAT BLOOD and LIVER PURIFIER.

It is well known that all these diseases arise from an impure and disordered state of the blood, and it is also known that unless we strike at the foundation of them no permanent relief can be expected.

For purifying the blood we cheerfully recommend this great and efficient remedy, feeling certain that if given a fair trial, wonderful cures will be the sure result.

If after a *fair* trial has been given, no relief is experienced, return to us the empty bottle and we will refund your money.

Price $1.00 per bottle. Sample bottles 15 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa. 15-15 e o w, 1 y

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy, for the speedy and permanent cure for consumption, bronchitis, catarrh, asthma, and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for nervous debility and all nervous complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive, and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send, free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, with full directions for preparing and using, in German, French, or English. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. W. Sherar, 149 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y. 15-36 eow28.

A Merry Heart.

Solomon says "A merry heart maketh a glad countenance," but the heart is not apt to be merry if one is suffering from dyspepsia, biliousness, indigestion or liver complaint, or if sleep is disturbed or nervebreaking. The most frequent cause of sleeplessness is dyspepsia, of which all medical writers declare it to be a sure symptom. For the certain cure of these distressing maladies, we have never yet discovered a medicine to equal PARMELEE'S DYSPEPSIA COMPOUND. Its influence is truly wonderful and all that could be desired. In invigorates the digestive organs and imparts new life to the whole system; it is also a great regulating tonic and holds the foremost place among medicinal preparations of its class.

We are so confident that it will give satisfaction in every case that we invite you to try it. If not entirely satisfactory, return the empty bottle, and we will refund the money. Sample bottles 15 cents; regular size, $1.00. For sale by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa 15-15 e o w, 1 y

—Geo. D. Prentice speaks of Time as "the Tomb Builder." We suggest to mothers that FIFTEEN MINUTES of precious time may build a tomb for the dear form that now sleeps so gently, should Croup in its worst type attack it. How will you guard against the destroyer? DARE you neglect to use every known precaution? It is not possible to have a physician always at hand. Frequently the time taken in calling one, would be the death of the child. We assume the grave responsibility of saying to these mothers, that Hatch's Universal Cough Syrup is as nearly a specific as has yet been discovered for this dread disease. We should not say this without positive knowledge. This medicine has been tested for fourteen years, and thousands are quieted nightly by the fact that they have it in reach for immediate use. Every mother's sons for a safeguard of this kind. Regular sizes and 10 cent samples for sale by Armstrong & Co

Smethport Bakery.

M. H. PICARD'S

Bakery & Confectionery,

FINE TEAS.

Also Dealer in

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Special attention given to orders from private families.

Miscellaneous

THE FRIEND OF ALL ! !

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

These famous Pills PURIFY the BLOOD, and act most powerfully, yet soothingly, on the LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEYS, and BOWELS, giving TONE, ENERGY, and VIGOR to the whole system. They are wonderfully efficacious in all ailments incidental to FEMALES, Young or Old, and as a general FAMILY MEDICINE, for the cure of most complaints they are unequalled.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the signature of J. HAYDOCK, as agent for the United States, surrounds each box of Pills and Ointment. Boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes. HOLLOWAY & CO., New York

A CURE FOR ALL ! !

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Possessed of this REMEDY, Every Man may be his own Doctor. It may be rubbed into the system, so as to reach any internal Complaint, by these means, it cures Sores or Ulcers in the THROAT, STOMACH, LIVER, SPINE, or other parts. It is an infallible remedy for BAD LEGS, BAD BREASTS, Contracted or Stiff Joints, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, and all Skin diseases.

Important Caution.—None are genuine unless the signature of *J. Haydock*, as agent for the United States, surrounds each box of Pills and Ointment. Boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each. 15-42 yl HOLLOWAY & Co., New York.

JAMES McNULTY,

MERCHANT TAILOR

MAIN STREET, SMETHPORT, PA.

Suits made to order promptly, after the latest patterns.

REPAIRING and CLEANING

done to order neatly and cheaply.

Prices to suit the times, and good fit guaranteed. Call and see samples and prices.

y14-41-ly J. McNULTY.

The World's Standard

FAIRBANK'S

SCALES.

Also Sole Agents for

Miles' Alarm Money Drawer

AND

Oscillating Pump Company's Pumps.

COFFEE and SPICE MILLS,
TEA and COFFEE CANS,
WAREHOUSE TRUCKS and
STORE FIXTURES GENERALLY.

FAIRBANKS & CO.

216 Main Street, Buffalo.

WM. P. NORTHRUP, & CO.

RELIEF-LINE

ENGRAVERS

AND

ELCTROTYPERS,

FORMERLY HENRY CHANDLER ESTABLISHMENT.

No. 13 Swan Street, Lewis Block,

BUFFALO, N.Y.

JAS. N. Matthews, } *Of the late firm of Matthews & Warren*
WM. P. Northrup, } *The latter a years with Hon.*
1330 yl [Pg Chandler

BOND

LIQUOR STORE

East Side, Union St., OLEAN, N. Y.

Wines, Liquors, Tobaccos & Cigars at Wholesale or Retail.

BUFFALO

Type & Electrotype

FOUNDRY.

36 & 38 West Seneca St. Buffalo, N. Y.

PRINTING MATERIAL OF ALL KINDS FROM THE BEST MATERIAL AND FURNISHED AT SHORT NOTICE. ALSO MAILING TYPE.

N. LYMAN'S SONS, - Prop's.

1330-1y

SUBSCRIBE
FOR THE
MINER
AND BE
HAPPY.

Miscellaneous.

MILLINERY STORE.

I am constantly receiving additions to my stock of

MILLINERY AND
FANCY GOODS,
DRY GOODS AND
NOTIONS

and am prepared to SELL AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

Mary Tracy,

MAIN ST. SMETHPORT, PA.

L. M. RAUB,

Surgeon Dentist,

Bolivar, Alt. Co. N. Y.

TEETH EXTRACTED comparatively WITHOUT PAIN.

By the use of Dr. Von Bonhorst's Anæsthetic.

Twenty years of continued and successful practice warrants me in promising full satisfaction.

Parties wishing dental services at their homes can be accommodated promptly by dropping me a postal card.

WILL be at Smethport
Oct. 9th and 30th.

Gifford & Wolters'

SAW AND

PLANING MILL,

MECHANIC ST., SMETHPORT PA

PINE and HEMLOCK,
BUILDING TIMBER,
FLOORING,
SIDING,
SHINGLES,

and PLANED LUMBER of all Kinds, constantly on hand and made to order.

Houses Built Entire.

GIFFORD & WOLTERS.

S. J. GIFFORD, }
C. H. WOLTERS, } y15 m81

U can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not required; we will start you. $12 per day at home made by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. Costly outfit and terms free. Address TRUE & Co. Augusta Maine.

$66 a week in your own town. $5 Outfit free. No risk. Reader if you want a business at which persons of either sex can make great pay all the time they work write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. 15-21 y 1.

Court Proclamation.

The Hon. HENRY W. WILLIAMS, President Judge, and the Hons. W. S. BROWNELL and F. N. BURNHAM, Associate Judges of the Courts of Over and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the County of McKean, have issued their precept, bearing date Friday, June 21, 1878, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Over and Terminer and Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court, and Court of Common Pleas, in the Borough of Smethport on Monday, the 23d day of September, 1878, and to continue one week.

Notice is therefore hereby given to Coroners, Justices of the Peace and Constables within the county that they be then and there in their proper person at 10 o'clock a.m. of said day, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other remembrances, to do those things which their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by their recognizances to prosecute the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of said county of McKean are to be then and there to prosecute against them as will be just.

Dated at Smethport, June 21, 1878, and the 102d year of the Independence of the United States of America. C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Buffalo Warren Roofing Co.

(Successors to J. J. Gulligan & Co.)

Manufacturers of and Wholesale dealers in

Roofing Materials, Black Varnish, &c.

WARREN ROOFING.

Orders for above and for "Warren's Improved Asphaltum Roofs," also repairing old gravel roofs promptly and satisfactorily executed.

OFFICE 283 MAIN ST.—2D DOOR ON BALCONY.

W. P. LATHROP STANLEY B. COWING.

1330y1

LIVERY AND Exchange Stables

AT THE BERNETT HOUSE BARN.

FORD R. ENAPP, Proprietor.

Parties desiring single or double rigs for pleasure or business purposes can be furnished at any time with

Good Horses and Stylish Rigs

to drive any distance. Pleasure, Fishing and Hunting parties carried at reasonable rates.

KENDALL & ELDRED R. R.

Time table adopted Aug. 18, 1878.

EASTWARD.

Stations.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a.m
Eldred, Arr	9 10	5 45	2 40	9 05	
Windfall	9 05	5 40	2 35	9 00	
Prentice Vale	8 45	5 21	2 20	8 45	
Duke Centre	8 41	5 16	2 11	8 40	
Rixford	8 18	5 02	2 05	8 35	
Summit City	12 40	4 53	1 40	8 05	
Little Boyd	12 30	4 43	7 30	7 52	
Italia City	12 22	4 36	1 23	7 47	
Sawyer City	12 07	4 22	1 14	7 33	
Lafferty	11 59	4 16	1 08	7 28	
Tarport	11 50	4 08	12 54	7 21	
Bradford, Lv	11 25	4 00	12 45	7 15	

WESTWARD.

Stations.	a. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a.m
Bradford, Arr	8 47	4 37	5 10	10 15	
Tarport	8 54	4 47	5 46	10 02	
Lafferty	9 04	4 59	4 59	9 09	
Sawyer City	9 20	5 18	5 17	9 41	
Italia City	9 18	7 01	4 30	9 29	
Little Boyd	8 13	12 56	4 31	9 15	
Summit City	8 05	12 46	4 21	9 05	
Rixford	7 55	12 30	3 55	8 50	
Duke Centre	7 30	12 14	3 40	8 12	
Prentice Vale	7 20	12 05	3 42	8 00	
Windfall	7 14	11 55	3 33	7 45	
Eldred, Lv	7 09	11 01	3 25	7 35	

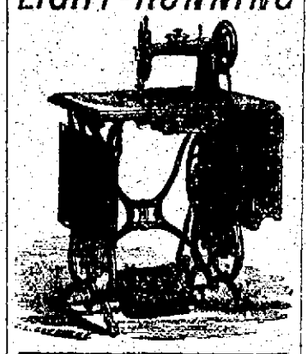
Miscellaneous.

HEALTHFUL, PRACTICAL.

A FAMILY FRIEND.

THE

LIGHT-RUNNING



DOMESTIC

SEWING MACHINE.

Double Thread, Lock Stitch; Automatic Self-Adjusting Tension and Take-up; Conical Steel Bearings, and Compensating Journal.

It does not Fatigue ! ! !
It does not make you Nervous ! ! !

LIGHT-RUNNING, NOISELESS.

None run it but to love it;
None know it but to praise.

THE

"DOMESTIC"

Is the most desirable and efficient machine made, for these reasons:

It is made of the *choicest materials*, and by the best *workmen*.

It is the *simplest* in construction, and *most reliable* in its action.

It requires almost *no adjusting*, and yet does *every* variety of work.

It is *noiseless, rapid*, and will *outwear* any other machine.

It is the *easiest running* of machines, and *saves muscle* and *nerves*, which are more valuable than money.

It has *never* failed to give *perfect satisfaction*.

Every machine *warranted*.

☞ Physicians recommend it for its light-running and noiseless qualities.

Send for a copy of "How to Choose a Sewing Machine."

"Domestic" Sewing Machine Co.,
NEW YORK.

"DOMESTIC" Paper Fashions,
"Domestic" PAPER Fashions,
"Domestic" Paper FASHIONS,

The most stylish and best fitting,

In endless variety. Send 15 cents for large Illustrated Catalogue of 1000 Styles.

"DOMESTIC Monthly."
"Domestic MONTHLY,"
"DOMESTIC Monthly,"
"Domestic MONTHLY,"

An Instructive and Entertaining Illustrated Magazine of Fashion, Polite Literature, and Art. $1.50 a Year, with PREMIUM. Specimen Copy, 15 cents.

DOMESTIC

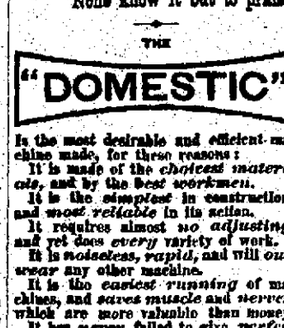
Sewing Machine Co.,

HOME OFFICE,

Broadway and 14th St., New York.

M. L. ARMSTRONG

Dealer in



Agent for

ITHACA CALENDAR CLOCKS

in McKean County.

Repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry a specialty.

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS.

Health and Happiness are priceless Wealth to their possessors, and yet they are within the reach of every one who will use

WRIGHT'S LIVER PILLS,

The only sure CURE for Torpid Liver, Dyspepsia, Headache, Sour Stomach, Constipation, Debility, Nausea, and all Bilious complaints and Blood disorders. None genuine unless signed "Wm. Wright, Phila." If your Druggist will not supply send 25 cents for one box to Herrick, Potter & Co., 70 N. 4th St. Phila. 15-22 y 1

FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale

THE WILLIAMS LOT & STORE

now occupied by him in Smethport borough, Pa

15-36-3 W. S. BROWNELL.

J. D YEOMANS, Gen'l Supt.

Mechanical Work a Specialty.

Lines of Travel

SMETHPORT OMNIBUS LINE.

To and from all regular Trains.

Omnibus, until further notice, will leave the Bennett House and Wright House as follows:

8:00 and 11:40 am
1:50 and 8:30 p.m

All orders left at the post office or either of the above hotels will receive prompt attention.

F. VICKERY, Proprietor.

McKEAN & BUFFALO RAILROAD
Time table went into effect Monday, July 15, 1878, at 5.30, o'clock a.m.

SOUTHWARD.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	LOCAL.	ACCOM.
Larrabee, Lv'e	11.35 a.m	4.20 p.m	8.05pm
Frisbee	11.40	4.35 "	8 25
Cory's	11.42 "		8 41
Farmers Valley	11.51	4.48 "	8 51
Northport	12.00	5.04 "	9 00
Crosby	12.10 "	5.15 "	
Colegrove	12.16	5.21 "	
Hamlin	12.22"	5.28 "	
Wormwag	12.46"	5.46 "	
Clermont, Arr	12.55	7.00	

NORTHWARD.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	LOCAL.	ACCOM.
Clermont, Lve	1.30 p.m	7.20 a.m	
Wormwag	1.35"	7.30 "	
Hamlin	1.46 "	7.50 "	
Colegrove	1.50 "	7.56 "	
Crosby	1.55 "	8.01 "	
Smethport	2.15	8.25	9.05 pm
Farmers Valley	2.26	8.39	9.16
Cory's	2.30		9.22
Frisbee	2.36	8.51	9.25
Larrabee, Arr	2.45	9.00	9.35

Trains will not stop at stations marked with a star (*). Trains will stop at stations marked thus (†) when flagged.

S. V. GODDEN, *Superintendent*

Olean, Bradford and Warren Railway Time-Table.

TRAINS LEAVE BRADFORD AS FOLLOWS:

6 30 a m, Express, arriving at Olean at 8 30 a m making close connections for Buffalo.

7 30 a m, Accommodation arriving at Red Rock at 8 00.

10 30 a m, Accommodation arriving at Red Rock at 11 00.

2 00 p m Mail arriving at Olean at 3 30 p m making close connection for Buffalo.

3 00 p m Accommodation arriving at Red Rock at 3 30.

5 00 p m Express arriving at Olean at 6 50.

5 30 p m Accommodation arriving at Red Rock at 6 00.

TRAINS ARRIVE AT BRADFORD AT

8 35 a m Accommodation leaves Red Rock at 8 00.

9 35 a m Express leaves Olean at 7 35.

11 45 a m Accommodation leaves Red Rock at 11 15.

12 40 p m Mail leaves Olean at 10 50. Train leaving Buffalo at 7 30 a m (the N. N. Y. & P. Railroad connects with this train.

4 m p m Accommodation leaves Red Rock at 4 00.

6 50 p m Accommodation leaves Red Rock at 6 30.

9 50 p m Express leaves Olean at 8 00. Train leaving Buffalo at 4 45 p m (N. N. Y. & P. Railroad connects with this train.

Bradford Branch.

WESTWARD.

STATIONS.	am	am	pm	pm	pm	pm
Carrollton, Lve	9 30	8 35	3 10	12 25	6 28	10 27
Limestone "	7 55	10 22	4 35	12 38	6 42	10 45
Hubbock "	10 12	10 50	4 45	12 48	6 50	
Kendall "	10 18	11 00	4 55	12 57	6 59	11 12
Bradford, Arr	10 25	11 20	5 04	1 00	7 00	11 17
Bradford, Lve	10 45	.....	4 20	1 20	.....	.....
Deridia "	11 03	.....	5 08	1 30	.....	.....
Custer City "	11 10	.....	5 10	1 35	.....	.....
Lewis Run "	11 25	.....	5 16	.....	.....	.....
Big Shanty "	11 27	.....	5 20	.....	.....	.....
Craigsville "	11 35	.....	5 31	.....	.....	.....
Alton "	12 15	.....	4 51	.....	.....	.....
Gilbertville Arr	12 25	.....	5 05	.....	.....	.....

EASTWARD.

STATIONS.	am	am	am	pm	pm	pm
Gilbertville, Lve	8 40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Alton "	6 46	.....	.....	.....	1 40	.....
Craigsville "	6 50	.....	.....	.....	2 05	.....
Big Shanty "	7 12	.....	.....	.....	2 29	.....
Lewis Run "	7 20	.....	.....	.....	2 37	.....
Custer City "	7 28	.....	.....	1 45	2 45	.....
Deridia "	7 35	.....	.....	1 50	2 50	.....
Bradford, Arr	7 55	.....	.....	2 00	4 05	.....
Bradford, Lve	8 00	8 20	6 05	2 20	5 20	6 20
Kendall "	8 05	8 25	6 35	2 25	5 25	6 25
Hubbock "	8 18	8 31	6 50	2 38	5 35	.....
Limestone "	8 21	8 37	7 05	2 30	5 48	6 47
Carrollton, Arr	8 45	7 00	7 25	3 00	6 05	7 20

SUNDAYS.

A train will leave Custer City at 9 45 a m, arriving at Carrollton 10 30 a m. Leave Carrollton 4 00 p m, arriving at Bradford 4 45, and Custer City 5 00 p m.

Trains 20 and 21 run daily.

☞ Through tickets to all points at the very lowest RATES, for sale at the Company's office at the depot.

Baggage will be checked only on tickets purchased at the Company's office.

JNO. E. ABBOTT,
General Passenger Agent, N. Y.

BUFFALO, NEW YORK & PHILA. R'Y.

March 5, 1878.

TRAINS RUN ON BUFFALO TIME.

NO TRAINS ON SUNDAY.

SOUTHWARD.

Leave Buffalo 7:45 a. m.—Mail.—Arriving at Ebenezer, 8.02; Springbrook, 8.21; Elma, 8.19; Jamison's, 8.35; Aurora, 8.30; Wales, 8.43; Holland, 8.53; Protection, 9.02; Arcade, 9.15; Yorkshire, 9.22; Machias, 9.30; Franklinville, 9.45; Ischua, 9.56; Rinsdale, 10.11; Erie R'y Junct., 10.25, Olean, 10.30; Weston's, 10.38; Portville, 10.45; State Line, 10.53; Kidred, 11.00; Larrabees, 11.16; Sartwell, 11.28; Turtle Point, 11.27; Port Allegany, 11.40; Liberty, 11.58; Keating, 12.05; Shippen, 12.21; P. M. Emporium, 12.35; connecting at Olean with Erie Railway East and West; and with Olean, Bradford & Warren R. R. for the New Oil Territory, arriving at Bradford at 12.45; at Larrabees with McKean & Buffalo R. R.; at Emporium with Philadelphia & Erie R. R.

Leave Buffalo 4:35 p. m.—Port Allegany Express.—Arriving at Ebenezer, 4.52; Springbrook, 5.01; Elma, 5.06; Jamison's, 5.15; Aurora, 5.33; Wales, 5.35; Holland, 5.46; Protection, 5.55; Arcade, 6.09; Yorkshire, 6.17; Machias, 6.26; Franklinville, 6.42; Ischua, 7.00; Rinsdale, 7.15; Erie R'y Junct. 7.27; Olean, 7.30; Weavous, 7.40; Portville, 7.47; State Line, 7.56; Kidred, 8.11; Larrabees, 7.35; Sartwell, 8.37; Turtle Point, 8.52; Port Allegany, 8.45; p. m. connecting at Olean with Olean, Bradford & Warren R. R. arriving in Bradford at 9.25 p.m.

NORTHWARD.

Leave Port Allegany 6:00 a m.—Express.—Arriving at Turtle Point 6.09; Sartwell, 6.54; Larrabees, 6.25 Kidred, 7.17; State Line, 7.31; Portville, 7.35; Weston's, 7.42; Olean, 7.50; Erie R'y Junct. 8.04; Rinsdale, 8.19; Ischua, 8.31; Franklinville, 8.46; Machias, 8.56; Yorkshire, 9.04; Arcade, 9.25; Protection, 9.37; Holland, 9.47; Wales, 9.56; Aurora, 10.16; Buffalo, 10.50 a.m. For Olean, Bradford & Warren train leaving Bradford at 8.00 a.m., makes direct connection at Olean with this train.

Leave Emporium 1:05 p.m.—Mail.—Arriving at Shippen, 1.41; Keating, 1.58; Liberty, 2.07; Port Allegany, 2.20; Turtle Point, 2.39; Sartwell, 2.45; Larrabees, 2.59; Kidred, 3.00; State Line, 3.12; Portville, 3.20 Weston's, 3.30; Olean, 3.40; Erie R'y Junct., 3.44; Rinsdale, 3.56; Ischua, 4.10; Franklinville, 4.27; Machias, 4.41; Yorkshire, 4.52; Arcade, 5.07; Protection, 5.19; Holland, 5.32; Wales, 5.35; Aurora, 5.46; Jamison's, 5.56; Elma, 6.5.; Springbrook, 6.07; Ebenezer, 6.13; Buffalo, 6.30 p.m. P. & E. R. train from the East and South makes direct connection at Emporium with the above train, as also the McKean & Buffalo R.R. train at Larrabees, the Erie Railway trains from the East and West at Olean. Bradford & Warren train leaving Bradford at 2.00 p.m.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

On and after Sunday, May 26th 1878, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia ..... 11.55 p. m
" " " Warren ..... 4.45 p. m
" " " Irvington ..... 5.00 p. m
" " " Corry ..... 6.25 p. m
" arr. at Erie ..... 7.35 p. m
ERIE ACCOM leaves Kane ..... 6.25 a. m
" " " Warren ..... 7.45 a. m
" " " Irvington ..... 8.00 a. m
" " " Corry ..... 9 0 a. m
" arr. at Erie ..... 10 25 a. m

EASTWARD.

ERIE MAIL leaves Erie ..... 1.20 a. m
" " " Corry ..... 2.50 p. m
" " " Irvington ..... 3.05 p. m
" " " Warren ..... 3.20 p. m
" arr. at Philadelphia ..... 7.0 a. m
KANE ACCOM leaves Erie ..... 4.10 p. m
" " " Corry ..... 6.00 p. m
" " " Irvington ..... 6.03 p. m
" " " Warren ..... 7.30 p. m
" arr. at Kane ..... 9.00 p. m

Mail East connects east and west at Erie with L. S. & M. S. R. W., and at Corry with P. T. & H. R. W.

Mail West with east and west trains on L. S. & M. S. R. W., and at Corry with O. C. & A. & G. W. Rail way.

Erie and Kane Accommodation with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. W. east and west, and at Corry with P. T. & H. R. W.

NOTE.—The leaving time at Erie is Philadelphia time, which is twenty minutes faster than Erie time.

Wm. A. BALDWIN.
Gen'l Supt.

Lines of Travel.

THE ERIE RAILWAY

Will hereafter be known by its new name,

New York, Lake Erie & Western R.R'd

Abstract of Time Table, Adopted June 2, 1878.

PULLMAN'S BEST DRAWING ROOM and SLEEPING COACHES, combining all Modern improvements, are run through without change between Solomanca, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Pinsgrenola, Bridge, Cleveland, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Chicago and New York. Hotel Dining Coaches between Chicago and New York.

EASTWARD.

STATIONS	No. 8. †	No. 12.*	No. 4.	No. 6.
D'kirk, L've	1.05 p. m.			7.05 a. m.
Lit' Val, "	2.13 "			8.40 "
Salam'ca"	7.55am	3.35 p m.		8.15 "
Olean "	8.40	4.40 "		10.01 "
Cuba "	9.07	5.00 "		10.33 "
Genesee "	10.02	5.50 "		11.32 "
Andover"				12.05 pm
Hinsdale L've	10.05am	6.55 p m	12.10am	1.50
Almira Arr.	1.45pm	8.47 "	2.30 "	4.28
Bing'ton "	2.24 "	10.13 "	4.30 "	7.30
Pt Jervis"	7.16 "	3.56 a m	9.15 "	
New York"	10.30pm	7.35 a m	12.25p m	

ADDITIONAL LOCAL TRAINS EASTWARD.

5.35 a m, except Sundays, from Dunkirk. Stopping at Brocton 5.47, Fordonville 6.05, Smith's Mills 6.08, Perrysburg 7.10, Dayton 7.37, Cattaraugus 8.05, Little Valley 9.30, Salamanca 10.07, Great Valley 10.54, Carrollton 11.25, Vandalia 11.43, Allegany 12.21, p m, Olean 12.45, Hinsdale 1.05, Cuba 2.09, Friendship 2.38, Belvidere 2.51, Phillipsville 3.05, Scio 3.53, Genesee 4.10, Andover 4.45, Alfred 5.19, Almond 5.40, and arriving at Hornellsville at 6.25 p m.

5.15 a m, daily from Salamanca. Stopping at all stations, arriving at Hornellsville at 12.15 p m.

6.25 a m, daily from Friendship. Stops at Belvidere 6.44, Phillipsville 7.00, Scio 7.30, and arrives at Genesee at 7.55 a m.

9.30 a m, daily from Dunkirk. Stops at Sheridan 9.57, Forrestville 10.30, Smith's Mills 10.33, Perrysville 10.37, Dayton 10.50, Cattaraugus 11.06, Little Valley 11.17, Salamanca 11.45, Great Valley 12.32, Carrollton 12.46, Vandalia 12.57, Allegany 1.05, Olean 1.30, Hinsdale 1.45, Cuba 2.22, Friendship 3.03, Belvidere 3.20, Phillipsville 3.35, Scio 3.53, Genesee 4.10, Andover 4.45, Alfred 5.19, Almond 5.36, arriving at Hornellsville at 6.05 p.m.

9.15 p m, daily from Dunkirk. Stopping at Sheridan 9.37, Forrestville 9.50, Smith's Mills 9.53, Perrysville 10 18, Dayton 10 25, Cattaraugus 11.00, Little Valley 11 35, and arriving at Salamanca at 11 50 a m.

5.05 p m, daily from Dunkirk. Stops at all stations, arriving at Carrollton at 8 20 p m.

5.30 p m, except Sundays, from Carrollton. Stops at Vandalia 6 42, Allegany 6 45, Olean 6 55.

WESTWARD.

STATIONS.	No. 5.*	No. 9. †	1.*
New Y'k L've	7.40 p.m.	7.00 p.m.	9.00a.m.
Pt Jervis "	10.55 "	"	12.15 p m
H'rille L've	4.15 am	12.30pm	6.55 pm
Andover L've	.....	1.05 p m	9.47 pm
Genesee "	9.13 "	5.44 "	10.47 "
Cuba "	10.17 "	6.32 "	11.49 "
Olean "	10.40 "	6.50 "	12.15 "
Gr'd Valley "	11.11 "	7.20 "	12.42 "
Salamanca Arr.	11.30 "	7.35 "	12.58 pm
Cleveland "	7.05 p m	.....	.....
Cincinnati "	6.00 a m	.....	.....
Gr't Valley L've	11.42 p m	4.15 a m	12.70 am
Dunkirk Arr.	1.30 "	5.45 p m	2.30 "

ADDITIONAL LOCAL TRAINS WESTWARD.

8.00 a m, except Sundays from Hornellsville, stopping at Almond 8.21, Alfred 8.39, Andover 7.54, Genesee 9.05, Scio 9.30, Phillipsville 9.55, Belvidere 9.48, Friendship 10.10, Cuba 11.17, Hinsdale 11.56, Olean 12.22, Allegany 12.45, p m, Allegany 12.59, Vandalia 1.30, Carrollton 2.15, Great Valley 2.58, Salamanca 4.10, Little Valley 5.00, Cattaraugus 5.32, Dayton 7.08, Perrysburg 7.19, Smith's Mills 7.56, Forrestville 8.17, Sheridan 8.37, and arriving at Dunkirk at 9.00 p m.

8.02 a m, from Carrollton, stops at all stations, arriving at Dunkirk at 9 35.

8 53 a m, except Sundays, from Olean, Allegany 9 48, Vandalia 9 91, arriving at Carrollton 0 26 p m.

4 50 p m, daily from Hornellsville, stops at all stations, arriving at Salamanca 10 50 p m.

Sundays train 1 will run between Salamanca and Dunkirk.

CARL SASSE

House Painter and Decorator,

Smethport, Pa.

PAINTING AND GRAINING

in all styles done to order

BLACK WALNUT, CHESTNUT, OAK, ASH, &c., imitated perfectly.

Kalsomining and Paper Hanging

in every style.

SIGN PAINTING A SPECIALTY.

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No. 1 Union Block, Smethport, Penna.,

CAN BE FOUND THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

Drugs and Medicines,

AND ALL OTHER ARTICLES USUALLY KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE.

Stationery, Envelopes, Etc.

ALL SCHOOL BOOKS AT BOTTOM PRICES!

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PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

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ALL KINDS OF

Monumental, Marble and Stone Work Done to Order.

FREE A VALUABLE INVENTION.

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WILSON SEWING MACHINE

In workmanship is equal to a Chronometer Watch, and as elegantly finished as a first-class Piano. It received the highest awards at the Vienna and Centennial Expositions. IT SEWS ONE-FOURTH FASTER than other machines. Its capacity is unlimited. There are more WILSON MACHINES sold in the United States than the combined sales of all the others. The WILSON MENDING ATTACHMENT for doing all kinds of repairing, WITHOUT PATCHING, given FREE with each machine.

AGENTS WANTED. **WILSON SEWING MACHINE CO.**

827 & 829 Broadway, New York; New Orleans, La.;
Cor. State & Madison Sts., Chicago, Ills.; and San Francisco, Cal.

For Sale by all First-Class Dealers.

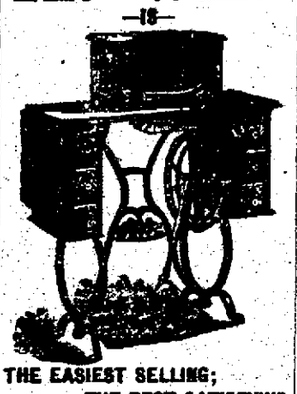
THE McKEAN COUNTY MINER

Is the only paper published at the county seat, the oldest, leading, and best paper in the county, and of the Pioneer Journals of Northern Penn'sylvania. It is the Official paper of the county and the Republican Party. Its circulation is very large and steadily increasing, and as an Advertising Medium it has no superior in the Northern Counties of this State.

Miscellaneous.

The White

—IS—



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Sewing Machine.

Its introduction and world-renowned reputation was the death-blow to high-priced machines.

THERE ARE NO SECOND HAND WHITE MACHINES IN THE MARKET.

This is a very important matter, as it is a well-known and undisputed fact that many of the so-called first-class machines which are offered as cheap second-hand are there that have been repossessed (that is, taken back from customers after sold) and rebuilt and put upon the market as new.

THE WHITE IS THE PEER OF ANY SEWING MACHINE NOW UPON THE MARKET.

IT IS MUCH LARGER THAN THE FAMILY MACHINES OF THE SINGER, HOWE AND WEED MAKE.

IT COSTS MORE TO MANUFACTURE THAN EITHER OF THE AFORESAID MACHINES.

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White Sewing Machine Co.,

CLEVELAND, O.

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The subscriber would respectfully announce to be owners and breeders of horses of McKean county, that the celebrated

IN-BRED STALLION,

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is now in charge of Mr. C. P. Adams, and will make the season of 1878 in Smethport and vicinity, as advertised by handbills

All admirers of well bred stock are respectfully invited to examine this horse, or his stock, on the farms of

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For particulars as to Pedigree, Dates and Terms see large bills, or address

C. F. ADAMS,
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Instumental & Vocal Music.

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Having an experience of many years as a musical instructor she feels safe in assuring entire satisfaction.

TERMS—$10 per term of 24 lessons

Miscellaneous.

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HARDWARE

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Adzes,
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Augers,
Auger Bits,
Awls,
Axle Clips,
Axle Grease,
Apple Parers,
Barndoor Hinges,
Barndoor Rails,
Barndoor Rollers,
Base Knobs,
Bath Brick,
Bed Castors,
Bell Cords,
Beef Pounders,
Bells,
Bench Hooks,
Bench Screws,
Bevels,
Bits,
Blacking,
Blind Bolts,
Blind Staples,
Bolts of all kinds,
Bootjacks,
Borax,
Boring Machines,
Brushes,
Buckets,
Bull Rings,
Butts of all kinds,
Candlesticks,
Cake Turners,
Calipers,
Caps, Percussion,
Carpet Stretchers,
Cartridges,
Castors,
Catches,
Cattle Leaders,
Chains of all kinds,
Chalk Lines,
Chalk,
Crayons,
Chisels of all kinds,
Clamps,
Cleavers,
Clothes Lines,
Clothes Wringers,
Coal Hods,
Coffee Mills,
Corn Cutters,
Corn Poppers,
Crowbars,
Currycombs,
Curtain Pins,
Cutlery,
Dippers,
Dividers,
Dog Collars,
Draw Shaves,
Egg Beaters,
Expansive Bits,
Faucets,
Fellos Plates,
Files,
Fluting Machines,
Forks of all kinds,
Freezers,
Fry Pans,
Gate Hinges,
Gauges,
Gimlets,
Glazier's Point,
Glue,
Glue Pots,
Grain Sickles,
Gridirons,
Gunpowder,
Grindstones,
Gum Nippers,
Hammers,
Hand Vises,
Handles of all kinds,
Hasps and Staples,
Hatchets,
Hay Knives,
Hinges of all kinds,
Hoes,
Hooks of all kinds,
Horse Pukes,
Horse Rakes,
Horse Hoes,
Iron of all kinds—Sad, Pinking, Waffle and Tuyere,
Kettles,
Keys,
Knives,
Lamps,
Lanterns,
Levels,
Locks,
Mallets,
Match Safes,
Measuring Tapes,
Meat Cutters,
Molasses Gates,
Mop Sticks,
Mouse Traps,
Mowing Machines,
Nails,
Oils,
Oilers,
Oil Stones,
Picks,
Picture Nails,
Planes,
Pulleys,
Pumps,
Plows,
Rakes,
Razors,
Rivets,
Ropes,
Rules,
Safety Fuse,
Sandpaper,
Saucepans,
Saws of all kinds,
Scissors,
Scoops—Coal and Grain,
Screwdrivers,
Screws,
Scythes,
Sheep Shears,
Shot,
Shovels,
Sieves,
Spades,
Spouts,
Squares,
Stoves,
Tacks,
Tea Kettles,
Tobacco Boxes,
Tea Cakes,
Tongs,
Trowels,
Tinware of all kinds,
Vises,
Varnish,
Wad Cutters,
Washers,
Whalebone Hooks,
White Lead,
Wrenches, Monkey,
Wheelbarrows, etc.

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